

GUTHI : Issue 12



या युव्ह गृह्यि, सुक् PASA PUCHAH GUTHI, UK Nepal Samvat 1133



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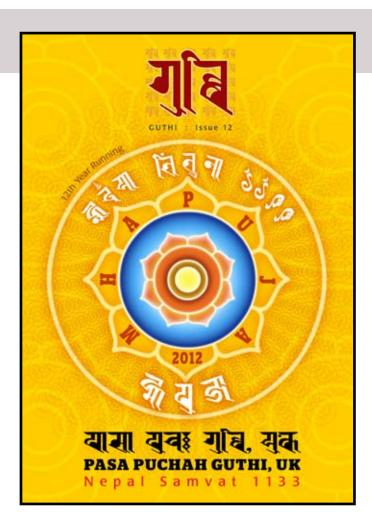
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Thank you for joining Pasa Puchah Guthi!





Guthi

Pasa Puchah Guthi UK's Annual Magazine Year 12

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Editorial

In it's 12th year, Guthi magazine is not only P s Puchah Guthi UK (PPGUK)'s annual publication but also one of the loudest voices of the Nepalese community in the UK.

PPGUK's main objective is to preserve what is regarded as one of the highly developed cultures in world history, the Newah culture. Since it's establishment in 2000 AD, Nepalese people from every other sub-community have been highly supportive in celebrating the uniqueness of Newah culture through festivals, food, music and games. Guthi has hence evolved as a symbol of Nepalese culture as well as solidarity in the UK.

Guthi aims to bring people together through culture and tradition whilst pursuing modern ideas that can lead us forward keeping our values intact.

What was started by a handful of London-based Nepalese families is today a UK-wide organization with it's branches operating in Plumstead,

Reading, Aldershot and Wales. Every year, Guthi is joined by a large number of new members who share a common feeling towards their culture, tradition and identity. With the Nepalese community in the UK entering it's second generation and an unprecedented number of Nepalese immigrants opting for the UK, the importance of an organization like PPGUK can only increase manifold in the days to come.

If you support the culture you have inherited, Guthi is for you.

If you find it essential to pass on traditional values to the younger generation, Guthi is definitely

Regardless of wherever you are, if you believe that you should not forget your identity, then there is no other place like Guthi for you.

There has never been a more exciting time than now for joining Guthi, and there is always something that you as an individual can contribute. Join us today!

सम्पादकीय

भिनिदं न्ह्यव निसें पिदना वइच्वंगु गुथि दं-पौ पासा पुच: ग्थिया पिथना जक मजूसें बेलायत न्यंकया नेपा:मितय्गु दक्वसिबे तःधंगु सः जुयावइच्वंगु दु।

पासा पुच: गुथिया मू ता: धयागु विश्वया इतिहासय् दक्वसिबे च्वन्ह्याग् संस्कृतिया संरक्षण खः । ई सं २०००स पासा प्चः ग्थिया पलिस्था ज्सांनिसें नेपा:या मेमेग् जातीय प्च:तय्सं नं नेवाः नखःचखः हनेगु, भ्वय् नयेगु, प्याखं ल्हुयेगु व कासा म्हितेग् ज्याभवलय् मदिक्क ग्वाहालि यानाच्वंग् द्। थ्कथं गुथि बेलायतय् च्वंपिं नेपाःमितय्ग् संस्कृति व ऐक्यबद्धताया चिं ज्याव:ग्द।

संस्कृति व परम्पराया संरक्षण नापनापं न्हून्हूगु विचाः कःघाना न्हयज्यायेगु यासें गुथिं मनुतय्त छथाय् मुंकेगु कुतः यानाच्वंगु द् ।

लण्डनय् च्वंपिं छथ्व नेपाःमितय्सं न्ह्यज्याक्ग् संगठन थौं प्लमस्टेड, रेडिंग, अल्डरशट व वेल्स शाखा ज्या बेलायतय् न्यंग् संस्था ज्इध्ंकूग् द्। थ:ग् तजिलजि, परम्परा व म्हसिकाया च्यूता तइपिं न्हू-न्हूपिं द्जःत तःधंगु ल्याखय् दंय् दसं ग्थिइ द्हावयेग् यानाच्वंग् द्। बेलायतय् नेपामिःतय्ग् निक्वःग् पींढि शुरू जुइधुंकूगु व यक्व नेपा:मित बेलायतय् दुहां वइगु कम न्ह्यज्यानाच्वंग् थ्व इलय् पासा प्चः ग्थि थें जाःग् संस्थाया महत्व भविष्यय् भान् हे जक तच्वइग् खं प्रष्ट द्।

छिसं यदि थ:गु संस्कृतियात तिबः बीगु मन दुसा गुथि छिग् निंतिं खः।

छिसं यदि न्हू पींढियात भीगु तजिलजिया महत्व ल:ल्हायेमा धयागु छित ता:सा गुथि धाथें हे छिगु निंति ख:।

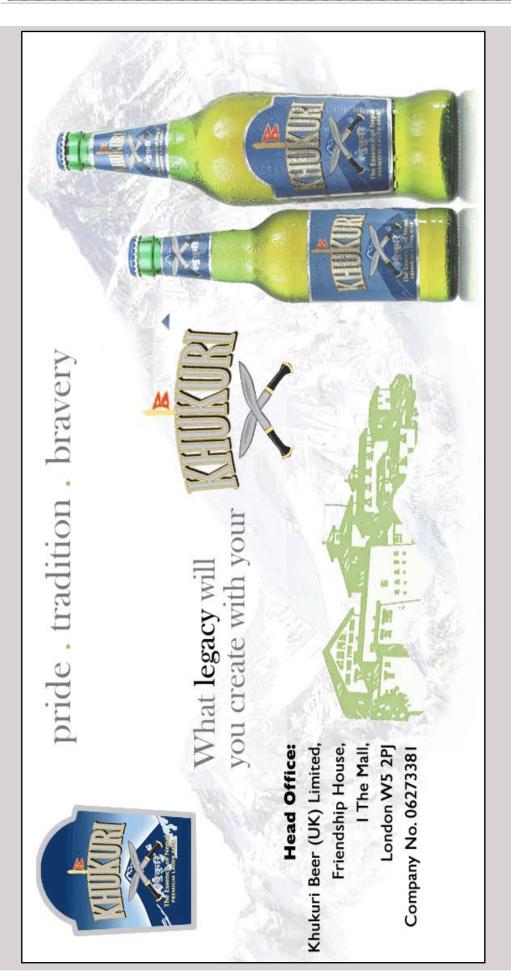
भी न्ह्याथाय च्वनाच्वंसां भीग् म्हसिका ल्वमंके मज्य् धयाग् छिके विश्वास दसा छिग् निंतिं ग्थि थें जाग् संस्था मेग् थाय् गनं मद।

थौंया ई छिगु निंतिं गुथिइ दुहावयेत तसकं हे पाय्छि ई ख:। ग्थिया ल्खा सकसिया निंतिं चाः।

छिसं फूगु ग्वाहालि यायेत गुथिया पाखे दुनुगलं इनाप दु। भासं थौं हे ग्थिया द्जः ज्यादिसं!



Happy New Year NS 1133





Message from PPGUK President

The uniqueness of Nepal is its huge diversity within a small territory. What makes Nepalese people unique is their strong affiliation with the richest of cultures they belong to, and their ability to see each other within a frame of co-existence. This unity within diversity is what makes us all proud, and P s Puchah Guthi UK (PPGUK) has adopted this as the main object and also always promoted this notion.

PPGUK's untiring effort since its establishment in 2000 to preserve the Newah culture in a foreign land has offered the entire Nepalese community in the UK with the pleasure of experiencing one of the richest cultures in the world, the Newah culture. Facilitating the Newah people in the UK with their traditional needs, Guthi has been playing a vital role in furthering this age-old tradition of the Newahs.

The government of Nepal has already recognized Nepal Samvat as the national era of Nepal. It is a matter of pride for Nepalese people around the world because Nepal Samvat is the original era of Nepal. It is hence the responsibility of not only the government but also each and every Nepalese to bring Nepal Samvat into practice. I would like to add that it is the only way to make sure that a national heritage is preserved, rather than an official declaration alone.

Mha Puja is the only festival in the world dedicated to worship one's own body. This Mha Puja, we are entering the 1133rd year of Nepal Samvat, the only Nepalese era which is named after our great nation - Nepal. Nepal Samvat is the only era started after a layman



and not any ruler. In this sense, it is also the people's era of Nepal and we all have a responsibility towards it. We Newahs believe that Nepal belongs to all Nepalese and therefore Mha Puja also belongs to all of us living in Nepal and abroad.

On behalf of PPGUK, I welcome you all to celebrate this year's Mha Puja in high spirits. To all the Nepalese people living across the world, I would like to wish a happy new year NS 1133.

Nhu DanYaa Bhintunaa!

Thank you!

Balmukund Prasad Joshi

पासा प्चः ग्थिया नायःयाग् धापू

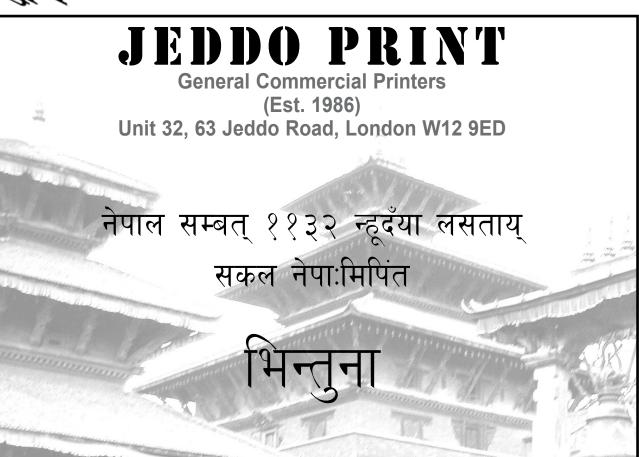
नेपा:य् विशषता धैग् हे नेपा:य् विविधता खः । थ्व हे विविधता द्ने थ:थ:ग् संस्कृति क:घाना छिधं छप्व ज्याच्वनेग् ने पाःमितय्गु विशेषता जुल। विविधता दुनेया एकता हे भीसं गर्व यायेमाग् खँ जूग्लिं पासा प्चः ग्थिं न्ह्याबलय् थ्ग् विषयय् बः बियाच्वंग् द्।

विदेशय् च्वना नं थःग् संस्कृतियु संरक्षण याना पासा पुचः ग्थिं बेलायतय् च्वंपिं दक्व नेपाःमितय्त हलिमय् यक्व नांजाःग् संस्कृति, नेवा संस्कृतिय सवाः कायेग् अवसर बियाच्वंग् द्। बेलातय् च्वंपिं नेवा:तय्त थ:ग् तजिलजि ल्मंकातयेग् व थ्कित न्ह्यब्वयावनेत ग्थिं महत्वपूर्ण भूमिका म्हितूग् द्।

नेपाः सरकारं नेपाल संवतयात राष्ट्रिय संवतय् मान्यता बिध्ंकृग् द्। नेपाल संवत नेपा:य् मौलिक संवत जुग्लिं थ्व भी सकल नेपाःमितय्ग् निंतिं गर्वय् खँ ज्येमा । थ्कित व्यवहारय् हयेग् कर्तव्य सरकारय् जक मख् भी सकल नेपा:मि तयग् खः । जिग् बिचालय् अले जकः भीसं भीग् राष्टिय सम्पदाया संरक्षण यायेफइ, औपचारिक घोषणां जक मख्। मन्तय्सं थःत थम्हं पुजा यायेग् नखः हिलमय् छग् म्हपुजा जक खः । नेपाल संवत नं नेपाः देय् नामं दूग् छग् हे संवत खः । सु नं शासकं मखु छम्ह सर्वसाधारणं थुगु संवत शुरू याग्लिं थ्किय् संरक्षण भी सकसिग् कर्तव्य खः। नेपाः सकल नेपाःमितय्ग् खः धयाग् खँय् भी नेवाःतय्ग् विश्वास द् । अथे हे म्हपुजा नं नेपा: दुने व पिने च्वनाच्वंपिं सकल नेपा:मितय्ग् ख: ।

पासा पुच: गुथियु सकल दुज: नापं थुगुसियु म्ह-पुजा भःभःधायकः हनेत छिकपिं सकसित जि लसक्स याये । नापं दक्व नेपा:मितय्त जिं द्न्गलं न्ह् दँ नेपाल संवत ११३३या लसताय् भित्ना देछाय्। स्भाय्! बालम्क्न्द प्रसाद जोशी







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02.11.2012

Message

It is matter of great pleasure for all of us to learn that the Pasa Puchah Guthi, UK, which is an organisation devoted to the causes of Newari arts, culture and identity, is revelling Nepal Sambat 1133, a national lunar calendar of Nepal, by organising various events. In this connection, it is heartening to know that the organisation, as in the past, is also coming out with its annual magazine called "Guthi" too in order to celebrate the auspicious occasion.

As I understand, Nepal Sambat has a colossal significance in the socio-economic history of Nepal as in this year trader Shankhadhar Sakhwa payed off all the debt of the people of Kathmandu and extricated them from socio-economic morass.

On this occasion, I wish Pasa Puchah Guthi for all the best and commend the role they have been playing in strengthening the Nepalese Identity abroad.

E. Chelise

(Suresh C. Chalise)





का.जि.का.इ.नं. ८८७/०५७/०५८



पष्पलाल पथ, का.म.पा. १७, येँ । फोन : ४२६७६०५, ४२६९०२९ • फुयाक्स : ४२६९०२९

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ने.सं. ११३२ यंलागा त्रयोदशी 12 th Oct., 2012

हनेबहम्ह, य्.के. पासा प्चः गृथि य्.के.

भिंत्ना ।

पासा प्च: ग्थि यु.के.पाखें सकल नेपा:मितय गौरव नेपाल संवत् व नेवा:तय् त:जिग् नख: म्हप्जाया लसताय् पिथनिगु थःगु १२ क्वःगु दंपौया नापनापं ध्वहे लसताय् न्हयाकेत्यंगु म्हपुजा ज्याभवः स्थांलाक क्वचायेमा धैग् मनंत्सें द्न्गलं भिंत्ना च्वना ।

भौगोलिक रुपं गुगुंनं क्षेत्र वा देश विदेशय् बसोबास यानावयाच्वनागु जुसां सांस्कृतिक, भाषिक एवं भावनात्मक रुपं सकल नेवाः छवाः हे खः धैगु सन्देश वियेत पासा पुचः गुधिं ताःलागु दु । बेलायतया थीथी लागाय् बसोबास यानावयाच्चंपिं सकल नेवाःतय् दथ्वी नेवाः कला, लिपि, भेषभुषा, संस्कृति व मांभाय्या ज्ञान वियेग्, थ्किया संरक्षण व प्रवर्द्धन यायेग् व नेवाः भावना ब्वलंका नेवाः ज्या म्वायेग्लिइ नेवाः पासा गृथिं म्हितावयाच्वंग् ज्वमद्ग् भूमिका तसकं च्वछाये बहःज् ।

नेवाः पासा गुथि यु.के. व नेवाः तय् राष्ट्रिय संगठन नेवाः देय् दबू दथ्वी दुगु सद्भाव, ग्वाहालि व भाइचाराया स्वापु थुकथं हे ता:ई तक ल्यानां च्वनी धैग् भलसा कासें न्हदँ ११३३ या लसताय् नेपा:या सकल नेवा:तय् पाखें भिंत्ना देछाया च्वना ।

नाय:

P.O. Box: 21365, Email: deydaboo@ntc.net.np , nddproject@yahoo.com



भिंतुना देछाया

नेपा:या राष्ट्रिय संवत् नेपाल संवत् १९३३ दें क्यंगु न्हूदेया लसता लिसे भी नेवा:तय् त:जिगु नखः म्हपुजाया लसताय् पासा पुचः गुथि, यू.के.या नायः भाजुया नापं सकले दुजः व जः भाजु मय्जुपिन्त दुनुगलनिसे दुग्यंगु भितुना देछायाच्वना ।

लिसें पासा पुचः गुथि, यू.के.पाखें लण्डनय् देंय्दसं न्यायेका वयाच्वंगु नेपाल संवत्या न्हूदं व म्हपूजा नखःया तसकं न्ह्यइपुगु ज्याभवलय् व्यति कयादीपि सकलें भाजु मय्जुपिन्त नं नेपालया हे राष्ट्रिय गौरव जुयाच्वंगु थःगु हे मौलिक संवत् नेपाल संवत्या न्हूदँ व नेपाः व नेवाःया म्हसीका कथ स्वनात:गु तसकं च्वन्ह्या:गु नखः म्हपुजाया लसतां भय्ब्यूगु इलय् नुगलं बिलिबिलि जा:गु भिंतुना देखाये दयाः जि तसकं लय्ताया ।

नेपाल संवत्यात भी सकसियां कृतलं नेपालया राष्ट्रिय संवत् कथं मान्यता दये धुंक्गु व नेपाल संवत्या नीस्वनादीम्ह शंखधर साख्वा:यात राष्ट्रिय विभूति कथं नेपाल राज्यपाखें नालाकाये धुंकूगु खें थन थौं न्ह्यथनेबह:जू । ध्व संवत्या तिथिमिति राज्य स्तरं जक मखु जनस्तरं नं छ्यलेमाः धइगु खें व्यलनाच्यंगु इलय् विलायतय् च्यंपि नेपा:मिपिन्सं नं छिथाय् छिकथं छ्यलेगु दुकुलुगु कुतः जुइ धकाः जिं भलसा कया।

अथे हे 'म्हपुजा' या मौलिक सांस्कृतिक पक्षयात नालाकासे नेवाःतय् सभ्यता व संस्कृतियात अर्ज च्वन्ह्याकेगु कृतः नं छिकपिन्सं याना हे दी।

सकसितं भिंतुना ! भिंतुना !! भिंतुना !!

पद्मरत्न तुलाधर

ने.सं. १९३२ कौलागाः दुतिया (31 october, 2012)

यें, नेपाः





The President Pasa Pucha Guthi United Kingdom

On behalf of Guthi Australia I would like to congratulate you and your organization for the celebration of Mha Puja on the auspicious occasion Nepal Sambat 1133. On this New Year, I would like to wish all the Newas living in the United Kingdom, as well as all around the world, for their healthy, prosperity and peaceful future. I believe your organization has always played a strong and important role to promote and preserve the Newa: language and culture in the United Kingdom as well as our mother country. I hope your organization will continue to preserve our identity as you have done in the past.

I would like to wish the Pasa Puch team all the best for coming years ahead.

Best regards,

Mahendra Shrestha President Guthi Australia Sydney, Australia



WORLD NEWALL ORGANIZATION **ग्ग नाराः अञ्चन**

नेपाल संवत १९३३ न्हदंया भिंतना

दकले न्हापां नेपाल संवत १९३३ न्हूदंया लसताय् हलिं नेवाः दब् (World Newah Organisation) पार्खे पासा प्रचः गृथि युकेया सकल दुजापि पासापि शुभविन्तक सकलयात दुग्यःगु भितुना देच्छाना । दंय दसं थें थुगसि नं पासा पुचः गुथि युकेया ख्वाःपौ मुथिया न्हम् ल्याः पिदनेत्यंम् खं न्यनाः जिपिं साप लयता ।

नेवाः संस्था निस्वनाः थःगु जाति, भाषा, कला, संस्कृति व संपदाया च्युता तयाः नेपालं तापाक बेलायत थ्यंक च्वनाच्वंपिं नेवा:तय् दथुइ नेवाः भावना थनेगु व हलिं नेवाः दबू निस्वनेगु ज्याय् थ्यंक दुग्यम् तिबः बिया विश्वन्यंकया नेवाःतयत छत्पं छघि यायेम् ज्याय् छिकपिसं बियादीम् योगदान तच्चकं च्वछाये बहः ज् ।

गणतन्त्र वयाः संघीय राज्य निस्वनेत्यन घाःगु श्व इलय् श्यंकाः नं झीगु देशय् नेवाः मस्तयसं स्कूलय तक नं थ:गु मांभाषां ब्वनेगु नैसर्गिक अधिकारं बंचित जुड़का व्वनेमालाव्वंगु दु । नेपाः थें बहुराष्ट्रिय, बहुजातीय, बहुभाषी देशय् न्यायालय, सरकारी अफिस, अडालत व विद्यालय् गर्न नं खय भाय् बाहेक मेगु भाय् छ्येलेगु ब्यवस्था राज्यं मयासेंच्वंगु धैगु थौ नं राणा वा पंचायतकालीन कूर भाषीय दमनया नीतियात हे निरंतरता बियाः नेपाऱ्या थी थी जाति जनजातिया जनतायात मानव अधिकारं बंचित यानातःग् खः । राज्यसत्ताय छग् जातिया व्यक्तितय् हे वर्चस्व कायम जुयाच्वंगुलिं हे शौतलें थज्यागु अवस्था ल्यनाच्वंगु खः । रहस्यमय् ढंगं संबिधानसभा भंग ज्याः नेपाःया न्ह्रम् संविधान निर्माणया ज्या थाति लानाच्वंग् थ्व इलय खय भाय छगूयात हे जक नेपाली नां छुनाः नेपाःया छगू हे जक सरकारी भाषा कथं न्हुग् संविधानय् च्वयाः हानं नं नेपाःया दक्वं जाति, जनजातितय् छ्यनय् क्वचिनेत सस जातिवादीतय्सं यानाच्वंगु षडयन्त्र सफल जुलधाःसा नेवाः भाय् नापं नेपाःया फुक्क भाषा आः थें हे ध्याकुनय्या ध्याकुनयतुं ला:वनीगु तुलुतुलु स्वया च्वनेमालिगु अवस्था मजुइ धाये थाकु ।

नेवाः जाति, भाषा, कला, संस्कृति व संपदा संरक्षण व च्वन्ह्रयाकेग् नापं भाषीय अले जातीय अधिकारया निर्ति सकल नेवाःतयसं थःथःगु थासं फुफुगुकथं ज्या याना व्वनेमाःगु थौया अवस्था खः । नेपालय् विध्यमान असमान भाषा नीतिया विरोधय् अले नेवाः जाति व भाषायात् राज्यपाखें मदिक्क जुयावैच्वंगु दमन दिकेत हलिंग्यंक सः थ्वकेत पासा पुवः गृथि युक्ते सदां ताःलायेमा धकाः भितुसै नेवाः जाति, भाषा, कला, संस्कृति व संपदा च्वन्ह्रयाकेम् ज्याय छिकपिनिग् नगः न्ह्रयाबलें क्वसाना च्वनेमाः घका भितना देव्छानाच्वना ।

नेपाल संवत १९३२ रांलागा ८ (4 October 2012)

डा. बाल गापाल श्रेष्ठ नायः, हलिं नेवाः दब्

World Newah Organisation Oxford, United Kingdom





यम्बिक्न दव

NEWA AMERICAN DABU

हनेब:हम्ह नायो भाजु बालमुकुन्द प्रसाद जोशीजु ! पासा प्चः गृथि, यु.के.

तिथि: ने.स. ११३३ कछलाथ्व १

भिन्तुना !!!

दकलय न्हापां पासा प्चः गृथिया दंपौ "गृथि" ल्या १२ पिदनीग् खँ न्येने दया: साप लयताल | लिसें नेपालया राष्ट्रिय सम्बत, नेपाल सम्बत १९३३ क्यंगु न्ह्दं व नेवा:तयगु त:जिगु नख: स्वन्तिया लसताय छि व पासा पुचःया सकल दुज:पिन्त दुनुगलं निसें भिन्तुना देछाया |

जिमिसं आतकं लुम:नि थगुने पासा पुचः गुथिया अग्रजताय लण्डनय जूगु WNO या न्हापांगु त:मुज्या तसकं तःजिक क्वोचायेकाः छगू ऐतिहासिक ज्या याना दीगु दु | देशय व बिदेशय चोना चोंपिं सकल नेवा:तसें छिकिपिनिगु न्हयल्वा:यात गबलें ल्वोमंके फइमखु |

हिलया न्हयाग् थासय च्वोसां झी नेवा:तसें नेवा:यात म्हसीका:, नेवा: भाय, सभ्यता, व संस्कृतियात छेला: झी लिपाया पुर्खायात जि नेवा: धका: परिचय बीबले न्हाय तपुका तयेगु लागी झीसं परदेशय च्वोनान थगु भाय, सभ्यता, व संस्कृति मस्तयत स्येने मा:गु वा: चायेकागु दु |

खला झीसं नेवा: भाय ल्हायगु त्वोतागु मद्, झीगु संस्कृति छेलेगु त्वोतागु मद्, नख: चख: हनेगुली लिपा लाकाग् मद् । थ्की यात सकल बिदेसय च्वोना च्वोपिं नेवा:तसें निरन्तरता बी धका: ध्क्क । अले थ्व हे जिगु / जिमिगु न्हूदं ११३३ या लसताय सकलसित भिन्तुना देछाना चोना |

केशर मान तामाकार

नायो

नेवा: अमेरिकन दब्, सिकागो

2541 W. Jerome Street, Chicago, Unit A, IL 60645, USA * Phone: 773-465-0789 Email: chicagonewa@yahoo.com



Yenla Gaa: Chare N.S. 1132



NEWAH ORGANIZATION OF AMERICA Public Charitable Organization, a 501 c3 Tax-exempt, Non-profit

October 12, 2012 Bhaju Bal Mukand Prasad Joshi Navo Pasa Pucha Guthi London, UK

Hane Bahamha Bhaju Balmukund Joshi ju:

Jwojalapa! Nhu dan 1133 yah lasataye bhintuna!

The Newah Organization of America congratulates the PPGUK on the publication of the 12th annual Guthi magazine on the very auspicious occasion of Nepal Sambat 1133 and the Mha Puja Ceremony.

We would like to express our sincere appreciation for your commitment to and leadership in promoting and preserving our culture, heritage, and mother language Nepal Bhasa and keeping our traditions alive in the UK for our future generations. We congratulate you and your entire Executive Committee.

We commend all Newars living in the great city of London and other cities in the UK for their efforts. On behalf of the Newah Organization of America, we wish you all the best celebrating Nepal Sambat 1133 and Mha Puja and on your future endeavors for Newah causes.

Sincerely,

Season Shrestha President Newah Organization of America (NOA)





Happy New Year Nepal Samvat 1133

Royal Oak RESTAURANT & BAR Buckinghamshire 0149 448 3437



Happy New Year Nepal Samvat 1133

Monty's Restaurant **FULHAM** 0207 371 5971





Monty's Restaurant KINGSTON 0208 546 1724

न्हू दँया भितुना! नेपाल संवत् १९३३

Happy New Year Nepal Samvat 1133

Gurkha Valle<u>u</u> RESTAURANT WEMBLEY 020 8902 4039





Pasa Puchah Guthi, UK,

First of all, on behalf of Canadian Newa Guthi and myself, I would like to extend our good wishes to Pasa Puchah Guthi, UK for its endeavour to publish 12th annual issue of "Guthi" magazine and grand success of Mha Puja event going to be held in London. Also, we would like to wish a very Happy New Year 1133 (Nepal Sambat) to all newa community living across the world.

Newars have pioneered in several ventures and established as the respected community in Nepal due to their wisdom, business acumen, strong ethics and values and honesty. During the New Year let us take some time to rejuvenate our identity so that we drive for future vision. This will not only be good for all the Newars living across the world but also for greater Nepalese community overall.

Globe has become smaller and smaller everyday due to the globalization. As you see, we are scattered around the globe but everything is as close as if they were within the reach of our hand due to current technology. Possibilities to how we can do a better job for our community have become endless. Our roles have always been predominant in development of Nepal and let's keep it this way for the future too. Without any doubt, our responsibility has broadened as it is no more limited within Nepal only.

With this view in mind, as every Newa organizations in the world, the Newa community in Ontario, Canada established Canadian Newa Guthi (CNG) in 2005, and ever since we have been trying to live to our identity and working to serve Nepalese communities in Canada. We have organized several programs that helped strengthen our culture amongst the new generation. We have organized a number of programs that benefitted newcomers to Canada. Our efforts have been to help Nepalese from the ground by building strong networking and providing vital information to succeed. We have definitely established CNG as a reputable organization among the South Asian communities in Canada.

Thank you,

Prakash Lal Pradhan, President Canadian Newa Guthi

70 Young Drive, Brampton, Ontario

www.CanadianNewaGuthi.org



न्हू दँया भितुना! `

नेपाल संवत् १९३३

Happy New Year Nepal Samvat 1133

P s Puchah Guthi UK SOUTH-EAST LONDON BRANCH

न्हू दँया भितुना! नेपाल संवत् १९३३

Happy New Year Nepal Samvat 1133

P s Puchah Guthi UK ALDERSHOT BRANCH



न्हू दँया भितुना! नेपाल संवत्

Happy New Year Nepal Samvat 1133

P s Puchah Guthi UK READING BRANCH न्हू दँया भितुना! रेपान संबद

नेपाल संवत् १९३३

Happy New Year Nepal Samvat

P s Puchah Guthi UK WALES BRANCH



PPGUK Board of Trustees

On 14th October 2012, P s Puchah Guthi UK Board of Trustees meeting was held at PPGUK Office, 86-94 High Street, Hounslow, TW3 1NZ, The meeting which was attended by 23 representatives from all branches (London, Plumstead, Aldershot, Reading and Wales), elected the following panel for PPGUK Board of Trustees:

2nd Executive Committee

Mahanta Bd Shrestha (President) Kapil Shrestha (Vice-President) Shivaji Shrestha (General Secretary) Rajendra Pd Shrestha (Treasurer) Devendra Shresha (Vice-Treasurer)

Founding Members

Balmukund Pd Joshi Arjun Pradhan Amrt Ratna Sthapit Shashi Manandhar Dharma Shakya Uttom Govinda Amatya

Representatives

Sachetan Tuladhar (London) Ojesh Singh (London) Sanyukta Shrestha (London) Menka Shrestha (London) Krishna Chakhun (London) Chutra Bd Shrestha (Plumstead) Nagendra Shrestha (Plumstead) Kumar Shrestha (Plumstead) Rajan Malla (Aldershot) Dipesh Shrestha (Reading) Vibhushan Man Shrestha (Wales)





1st World Newah Convention

The First World Newah Convention concluded successfully on 31st of October with series of different programs and the London declaration. The three day long convention, which started on 29th October, was organized by World Newah Organization (WNO) and hosted by Pasa Puchah Guthi UK (PPGUK) in London. Delegates from various parts of the world had participated in the convention.

On Oct 29th, 2011, the first day, Nepal's renowned scholar and the Chancellor of the Nepalbhasa Academy Dr. Satya Mohan Joshi inaugurated the convention. Dr Satya Mohan Joshi, as the chief guest of the event, highlighted the importance of Newar language and cultural heritage.

Key note speaker of the event Prof. Manik Lal Shrestha, urged by utilizing bright aspects of the political, social and cultural aspects of Newah tradition, the Newah people should take a leading role in advancing the urgent task of the Nepalese people, the sacred task of building new Nepal.

During this session, Dr Padma Ratna Tuladhar, Nepal's human right champion and a long time Newar activist, as the special guest speaker in the program expressed his happiness over the foundation of WNO, and advised WNO to play necessary role to strengthen the Newar people's fight in Nepal for their rights. He said human rights of Newar people and other nationalities in Nepal are totally violated since they are denied to use their mother tongues at schools, judiciaries and administrations.

Special guest of the occasion, acting Nepalese ambassador for the UK, Mrs Ambika Manandhar Luitel said Nepal as a multi-ethnic, multi-lingual and multicultural county needs mutual trust among these peoples for peace and development.

Chief of the Central Department of Nepal Bhasa, Tribhuvan University, (T.U.) chief Prof. Prem Shanti Tuladhar, general secretary of the Nepah Rastriya Partu, Dr. Bijay Sainju, Newar activist Dr. Mahesh Man Shrestha, Mrs., Rajani Pradhan, Mrs. Srilaxmi Shrestha and Ven. Ananda expressed their views on Newar unity and challenges, and emphasised the need for preservation of Newar culture and tradition.

On the occasion Mrs Ambika Luitel launched several Nepal Bhasa books including "Nepal Bhasa Varnamala" a colourful book written for children by Chancellor Satya Mohan Joshi. Similarly, Satya Mohan Joshi and Prof. Manik Lall Shrestha launched "A Cry In the Wilderness and Other Short Stories" English translation of Nepalbhasa short stories, and "Santiya Santi" a collection of poems respectively, both written by Srilaxmi Shrestha.

Krishna Chakhun shortly acknowledged to the gathering the felicitation letters received for the WNO convention from the President of Nepal, Dr Ram Baran Yadhav, Prime Minister Dr Baburam Bhattrai, Deputy-Prime Minister Narayan Kaji Shrestha and different organizations from various parts of the world. The program was telecasted live through WNO's official website worldnewah.org.

The second session of the programme started with the presentation of WNO the draft constitution prepared by WNO constitution committee. Presenting the draft constitution Dr Bal Gopal Shrestha highlighted the goals and objectives of the WNO. Many participants put forward their views on the constitution during the discussion. Prof. Manik Lal Shrestha and Dr Bal Gopal Shrestha moderated the question-answer session. Incorporating suggestions that came from the floor the Convention accepted constitution.

Soon after approval of the constitution, the participants unanimously selected Dr Bal Gopal Shrestha as the first president of WNO. WNO ad hoc chairman Mr Daya Ratna Shakya dissolved the ad hoc committee to pave the way for forming WNO executive committee.

The second day of the Convention saw PPGUK president Dr Sachetan Tuladhar presenting the WNO London declaration draft. The attendants from Nepal also participated in the session over a tele-conference.

The second session of the day saw a Paraya Sabha chaired by Dr Satya Mohan Joshi. Daya Ratna Shakya, Prof. Dr David Gellner (video recording), Bhante Ananda Path, Dr Bijaya Sainju, Dr Bal Gopal Shrestha, Dr Mahesh Man Shrestha and Ram Kumar Shrestha presented their papers covering various issues on Newar Culture, heritage, Nepal Samvat, etc. and discussion was followed after each presentation.

The next session of the day was the Sahityik Sammelan, a literary symposium, which Prof Manik Lal Shrestha chaired. Among others Prof. Prem Shanti Tuladhar, Srilaxmi Shrestha, Bimal Prabha Bajracharya, Bansidhar Bajracharya, Ganesh Ram Lachhi presented their literary works. Dr Satya Mohan Joshi felicitated Shashi Mahaju, the editor of 'Matina' quarterly in this session for his outstanding contributions to Nepalbhasa abroad.

In the same evening Pasa Pucha Guthi, UK hosted a Mha Puja, the worship of the self and the New Year Nepal Samvat 1132 celebration at Hammersmith Town Hall. Pasa Pucha Guthi, UK, Dr. Sachetan Tuladhar welcomed the guests and participants to the programme. Chief guest Dr Satya Mohan Joshi in





Photos: Keshav Maharjan

augurated the event by lighting a traditional sukunda lamp. He explained on the importance of Mha Puja. Similarly Dr Padma Ratna Tuladhar, Prof Manik Lal Shrestha, Mrs Ambika Luitel, Dr. Bal Gopal Shrestha, and Prof. Prem Shanti Tuladhar expressed their views on Newar language, culture and identity. It was followed by an extravagant show of cultural dances and songs, and a Newah feast (Bhvay). At the same occasion the chief guest Dr Joshi released PPGUK's annual magazine "Guthi'.

On the third day, participants of the convention were taken for London study tour followed by a group dinner.

On the fourth day the participants were given a tour of Oxford. Professor David Geller of the Oxford University hosted the tour program. On the fourth day evening, participants gathered for a dinner at Slough in SO ASIA Restaurant hosted by its owners Mr. Surendra Shrestha and Mrs Minu Shrestha. It was here that the much-awaited London declaration was read to the masses by the then president of WNO ad hoc committee Daya Ratna Shakya. This 5-point declaration was welcomed by one and all, which was followed by expression of views by all participants. In the this evening gathering, the chief guest Dr Satya Mohan Joshi also released "The WNO newsletter Bu Khan Pau".



Mha Puja NS 1132

Pasa Puchah Guthi UK celebrated its annual Mha Puja and Nepal Sambat Newar year celebration (NS 1132) on Oct 31, 2011 at Hammersmith Town Hall, London. The event also saw conclusion of The 1st World Newah Convention organized by World Newah Organization and hosted by PPGUK.

Photos: Nilesh Singh





















Happy New Year Nepal Samvat 1133

> Balmukund Prasad Joshi and family, Hayes

न्हू दँया भितुना! नेपाल संवत् १९३३

Happy New Year Nepal Samvat 1133

Sachetan Tuladhar and family, New Malden

न्दू दंशा भितुना! नेपाल संवत् पवश्श्व Happy New Year Nepal Samvat 1133 Rita Devi Singh and family, Alperton

न्हू दँया भितुना! नेपाल संवत्

Happy New Year Nepal Samvat 1133

Shambhu Kumar Shrestha and family, Chingford



नेपाल अधिराज्य भरि १७०० भुत्तानी काउण्टरहरू

२४ घण्टा भित्र भुत्तानी

उट्चत्तम सटही दर

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Annual General Meeting NS 1132

P s Puchah Guthi UK (PPGUK) held its 10th Annual General Meeting (AGM) on Saturday July 14, 2012 at 3 The Mount, Acton, London W3 9NW. The meeting was by attended by PPGUK founder members Amrit Ratna Sthapit, Arjun Pradhan, Bal Mukunda Prasad Joshi and Shashi Manandhar, president of World Newah Organization (WNO) Dr Bal Gopal Shrestha, all members of outgoing executive committee, PPGUK South-east London representative Kumar Shrestha and general members.

Outgoing president Dr Sachetan Tuladhar commenced the meeting by welcoming the guests. Outgoing general secretary Ojesh Singh presented the organizational report 2010-2012, along with a quick glance at PPGUK's financial standing. He summaized all of the events organized and participated by his team including Mha Puja 2010, two Nepalbhasha Film shows. Gu-bhwoue (picnic). 1st World Newah Convention 2011, Mha Puia 2011 and two memorial services for late founder members Rameshwor Dangol Singh and Ishwor Manandhar respectively. He concluded that although the organization could not attain a major financial gain, it was successful in achieving the goals of cultural preservation and community participation, which also recognized by Shamkhadhar Sirpaa, a prestigeous Nepalese award for outstanding achievement in preservation of Newah culture and heritage.

This was followed by Dr Sachetan Tuladhar's insightful presentation sharing the lessons he had learnt from PPGUK's present challenges and his team's initiative in seeking solutions. He informed that his team was able to organize Mha Puja 2011 within a short duration of seven weeks. Dr Tuladhar further elaborated on the various new concepts that were introduced during his term including Nepalbhasha film shows and revival of Newah games. He also emphasized on the necessity of PPGUK's rebranding towards it's corporate image building and potential merchandizing opportunities arising therefrom. Dr Tuladhar encouraged everyone to start thinking about how to devise a selfsustaining organization model for PPGUK so that it can be realized in the near future.

The presentation was followed by Samue-bajee, the traditional New h lunch.

An election commission which comprised of Dr Bal Gopal Shrestha and Bijaya Bajracharya unanimously elected the new Executive Committee of Pasa Puchah Guthi UK for the year 2012-14 as follows:

Bal Mukunda Prasad Joshi (President), Ojesh Singh (Vice-President), Manisha Dangol Shrestha (Vice-President), Sanyukta Shrestha (General Secretary), Tribeni Gurung (Joint Secretary), Menka Shrestha (Treasurer), Suresh Vaidya (Members, Sports), Suresh Shrestha (Member, Cultural), Tina Tamrakar (Member).

All PPGUK founder members, the longstanding advisor Prof Dr David N. Gellner, and WNO president Dr Bal Gopal Shrestha were nominated as advi-

Dr Bal Gopal Shrestha expressed his view that Newars in the UK should echo the contemporary voices of Newars in Nepal. He added that the fNewars in the UK should join janajati forces in order to safeguard the ethnic rights of the Newars, to further guarantee the preservation of their language and cultual heritage.

Newly elected president and founder member Bal Mukund Prasad Joshi vowed that his team will leave no stone unturned for the organizational improvement of PPGUK. He added that the newly elected team is a wonderful mix of individuals from different age groups. The fact that they can offer valuable experience as well as new energy, would definitely benefit the organization in the long run.

All newly elected members expressed their excitement and commitment for the new term while founder members Amrit Sthapit, Arjun Pradhan and Shashi Manandhar wished the new team for success.



































Annual Picnic NS 1132

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Dhau (Yogurt) Mrs Janaki Manandhar & Sabita manandhar

Bhuti-w I (Black-eyed beans Cuisine) Pabitra Shakya Tuladhar

Wo (Lentil Cakes) Mahanta Shrestha Bal Mukund Prasad Joshi

lu-w I (Potato Cuisine) Rukmani Manandhar Bhavan Shrestha

Chan (Chickpeas) Gopal Manandhar Renu Manandhar

Chhwoyel (Meat cuisine) Kishore Shrestha

Baji (Rice Flakes) Manisha Dangol Shrestha

Baji, Ny (Fish), Plates, Bowls, Spoons, Binliners, Gloves, Sweets & Mats Menka Shrestha

Khen (Egg) Anjana Shrestha

Beer Achyut Shrestha

Soft Drinks Suresh Shrestha Tina Tamrakaar

lu-ach r (Potato Pickle) Shanta Gurung

Water, Khw p (Mask) Printing, Table, Chairs & Cups Shashi Manandhar

Folding Tables X2 Sujan Shakya

Delivery of Tables X2 Tara Gurung



Extra Mats Niraj Shrestha

Coluring Kit Cathy Manandhar Tribeni Gurung

Photos Suresh Shrestha Shree Kumar K.C. Keshav Maharjan

Gazebo/ Tent, Bingo Instrument Ojesh Singh

Delivery of Yogurt Amrit Sthapit Kiran Shrestha

Bingo Announcement Om Pradhan

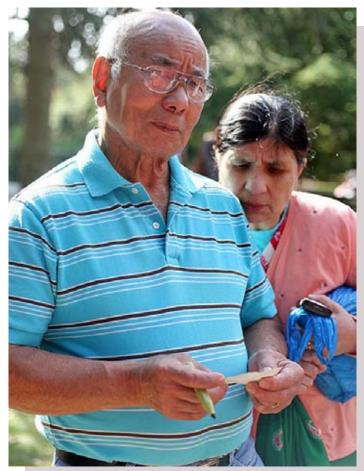
Bingo Ticket Sale Lasata Tuladhar Anisha Shrestha

Volunteers Gaurav Shrestha Renu Adhikari

Kites & Kids' Games Prizes Sanyojan Shrestha

Staff members of Nepalese Tandoori Restaurant who went an extra mile by greeting every bhwoye guest with a smile!

















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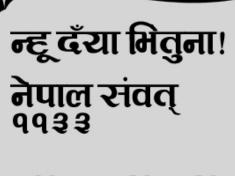
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Happy New Year Nepal Samvat 1133

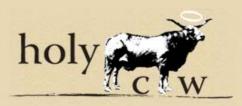
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Meet Our Performers

P s Puchah Guthi UK has been blessed by highly enthusiastic cultural performers, both professional and amateur, who have always been willing to contribute with their talent and time for the entertainment of entire Guthi family all these years. Since it's inception in 2000 AD, we have been approached by a long list of members and friends of Guthi who have shown interest in joining our effort to present an extravagant show at the Mha Puja stage.

This year, we have decided to recognize their contribution through various ways; one of those being this section of our annual Guthi magazine where we shall introduce our talented cultural artists in the best way we can.

Here is an opportunity to know more about our performers beyond the few minutes of relationship when they create magic on stage!



Preetie Kachipati

General Member & Regular Performer

This year, I am performing a solo dance to 'Banma' Phulyo Phoolai Phool' (by Anju Panta).

Performing at Mha Pooja is one way to express the love I have for my beautiful and radiant culture.

I have previously performed in the Mha Pooja Programmes. For instance: In 2006, I performed, with Tribeni Gurung, to 'Jhal Jhali Aankhama' and in 2007, we also performed 'Mohani Lagla Hai' and 'Bala Bala Mikha'.

I am proud to be Nepali and very grateful to P s Puchah Guthi for bringing the whole community together.



Ghintang The Unity UK

Regular performer & London's emerging Dance Group

We have previously performed in 2010 & 2011 during the Mha Puja event.

For this year's event, we are going to present a typical Nepali dance, a typical Newah dance and a fusion/remix dance.

Performing in this year's Mha Puja is a great opportunity to show and spread Nepalese cultural dance to those people who are unaware about the culture of Nepal.

Mha Puja is great festival of the Newah community so we would like to say to our audience to come and enjoy the Mha Puja.



Suresh Shrestha

Executive Member, Cultural & Mha Puja Lead Choreographer:



Gopal Basnet



Bhim Kala Thapa



Deepa Shrestha

Rupal Shrestha





Krisha Manandhar

General Member

I haven't performed in a Mha Puja programme but I have performed with a group in the Koseli cultural programme on the 26th September 2012.

For the Mha Puja Programme, I am going to perform a Nepali dance to the song 'Dui Chulti Batera'.

I like to dance because performing on stage gives me more confidence for events later on; also performing traditional culture makes myself and my parents proud.

I would like to wish everyone in the audience a Happy New Year, and hope that you enjoy my performance.

Madan Thapa

General Member / Regular Performer

I have been performing almost regularly since Pasa Puchah Guthi was established in 2000 AD.

With Koseli Cultural Group which celebrated it's silver jubilee recently, I have been involved in Nepalese cultural activities for almost three decades now, and we share a great relationship with Guthi.

My daughter Ruby Thapa had performed in most Mha Puja shows and she also performed the first Newah dance here among others. We always try to educate youngsters about our culture.

Newah culture is very rich and we all love it.

All I would liek to say to my audience is-"Nhu Dayaa Bhintuna". Let's do our best to preserve our culture.









Binod Chipalu

London's Popular Lakhey Dancer

I have performed in almost all Mha Puja events since Pasa Puchach Guthi was established in 2000 AD.

Mostly I have performed our traditinoal lakhey dance which has been liked by everyone. The response I have receieved all these years has been outstanding.

Personally I feel great to be able to showcase an important part part of our culture in a foreign land. Lakhey dance needs a lot of energy but the kind of response that I get in every performance keeps me going in high spirits. Once Lakhey appears on stage, one can instantly feel that the atmosphere somehow gets filled with energy. The mythical character called Lakhey is that powerfull

Despite my family and business commitments whenever there is an offer to perform for Guthi, I try my best not to let the community down. For me, Lakhey is also a kind of our cultural identity and I feel blessed that I could bring it to people in Britain all these years. This year too, I am going to give my best.

For my Mha Puja audience, I would like to wish a happy new year, Nepal Samvat 1133.

I would also like to add that we should not leave our identity behind wherever we are based. Our culture and tradition is what makes us different and special. We all need to play our part in preserving our unique cluture so please support our efforts in every way you can. Even your presence as an audience makes a lot of difference to us!





NEWAH FASHION

Understanding Newah culture as a unique heritage of Kathmandu city will remain incomplete without revisiting the unique material and style in which the Newahs dressed themselves.

Fashion is about design and drapery, glamour and grandeur, style and substance, - none of which is less important in any typical Newah cultural feat. Not surprisingly, Newah ladies from various age-groups and backgrounds are working, or have shown great interest during various stages of their career, in carrying

out research, preservation and innovation within the field of Newah fashion.

Once a forbidden city, Kathmandu has almost entirely given up it's traditional fashion to the great influx of western culture during the last two decades. Although traditional Newah fashion trends have far been forgotten in daily life, recent works of a few individuals have shown big promise despite the adversaries offered by prevailing market trends.

IshwariMaiya Shrestha

Central Department of Nepalbhasha, Kathmandu

The speciality of Newah fashion lies in the jewellery used by the Newar community. These jewellery, made of gold or silver, make Newah fashion stand out as there are specifically different jewellery for different occasions. And in terms of clothing, somehow only 'haaku pataasi' has been portrayed as the dress of Newahs but in reality it is not used by all of the subcommunities within the Newah community.

Newah fashion has indeed disappeared in today's busy world, where people are in search for the most comfortable and easy-to-wear clothing. Nonetheless, in order to preserve the Newah fashion, a more comfortable version of the traditional Newah clothing can be introduced, that catches the essence of Newah



fashion and yet is easy and comfortable to wear. This may also use the clothing materials made in the country itself, which will also help to catapult the Nepalese textile industry.

Manisha Dangol Shrestha

Director. London Fashion House, London

Newah fashion is very exotic like its food, culture and festivals which has its own speciality, symbols and values. Popular fabrics, like Dhaka and Haaku Pataasi, mainly used in Newah outfits is truly unique and can be beautifully fused in modern fashion trends.

Newah fashion is not just so exotic and vibrant, it has its own significance too. As a Newah fashion entrepreneur, I will be truing to create an awareness of its importance; making a difference by reviving Haaku Pataasi and Dhaka, by creating designs which can be blended beautifully in today's fashion world and bring back the forgotten practice of hand spun, hand loom, which is not just eco-friendly but uniquely Nepalese too





Sanyukta Shrestha

Founder/ designer, Sanyukta London, London

Re-defining Newah fashion does not just mean the use of traditional fabric to a modern style. Besides that, various other elements within our traditional Nepalese fashion can act as a source of inspiration. One of those elements is our art, whether it be sculptures, paintings or architecture e.g. temples that make the backdrop of our daily life in Nepal. Also, the intricate work found in our traditional jewelry has always been a great source of inspiration for me.

Although I have been specializing in Bridal wear in London for some years now, I have a wish to work on our traditional fashion in the future. My father also keeps reminding me that I should not lose the connection with my roots.

In 2007, I had an opportunity to showcase our traditional jewellery in a major fashion show at Café de Paris, London. I remember that one of the many



things I had used was our traditional red fabric extension to hair. I had a feeling that it could go really well even with modern outfits although it is very unusual in western fashion. To my surprise, I found that the British audience really loved the idea. They had many questions to ask me about the style and traditional jewellery used.









While in Hong Kong, winning the title of Miss Talent Hunt 2006 marked the starting point of my career in modeling at the age of 16 years. Later, I moved to the UK and organized Miss UK Nepal with Shanti Gurung in 2010, followed by a number of other fashion shows, music videos and films.

After choreographing Top Model UK 2011, I got involved with London Fashion House where I choreographed a number of models in it's opening show that focussed on traditional Dhaka designs.

Apart from modeling and choreography, I have also studied photography which has not only proved useful in my profession, but also helped me explore my creative skills. One of my immediate plans is to produce a Nepal Calendar 2013 which will include photogrpahs highlighting Nepal's cultural and natural beauty.

Nepalese designers have been doing some great work which has only made this sector a lot more promising for those who would like to get involved.

Design / Photo Courtesy: London Fashion House



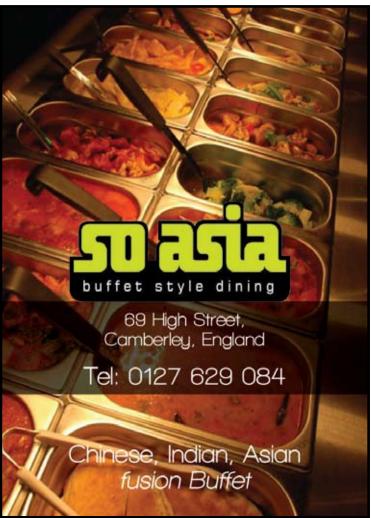


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Defining National Identity in Britain

A study on the migration of Newah people to London and their national identity.

By Tribeni Gurung



There is no doubt, whilst in the UK we have all bumped into a Nepalese person; whether it's on the street, your local supermarket and even at work. This can portray the increasing number of Nepalese people in the UK; many who have migrated from Nepal for their own personal reasons and circumstances. The issue of migration is an area, which has always fascinated me due to the constant exposure to the most well known migrations in history; the slave trade during the 18th Century, the movement of European immigrants to North America in the early 1900s and the arrival of Jamaican labourers to Britain on Empire Windrush in 1948. These by and all, have created what is known of our society today: multicultural. A multicultural society can have a major influence on how individuals and groups perceive themselves in terms of their identity – this was an issue I focused on when conducting my undergraduate research.

This study examined the migration of Newahs to the UK and whether migration had an effect on the construction of one's national identity. My main motivation to explore the issue of national identity construction is due to my personal experiences of growing up in Britain and at times being confused with how to define my own national identity; hence I aimed to understand whether this confusion was present with other Nepalese people in the UK and how they defined their identity once migrating to Britain. I specifically focused on Newahs due to the extensive exposure and research amongst other Nepalese groups in Britain (such as the Gurkhas) and as a result of my own heritage: my mother being a Newah and my father being a Gurung. As this study was an undergraduate project, I re

cruited eight Newah participants (over the age of 18) from London who had migrated to Britain, in which I carried out a semi-structured interview with each participant Questions examined the issues related to their processes of migration, their life in Britain, their involvement with any community organisations whilst settled in Britain, and lastly how participants defined the concept of national identity and what this meant for them. In addition, this study also aimed to understand the ways in which Newahs preserved their chosen national identity.

The findings of this study revealed that migration was a minor factor in the construction of Newahs' national identity. However, national identity was rather shaped by the concept of 'identity markers'; the notion that identity is shaped according to specific indicators or 'marks'. The majority of participants in this study acknowledged the main identity marker for them was place of birth, and as all Newahs had spent much of their early life in Nepal, all claimed their national identity was Nepalese. Moreover, this study also established other key identity markers such as one's race, ethnicity, the length of settlement in a specific society or country and whom individuals interacted as well as socialised with. In terms of whether participants felt they could see themselves as 'British', the notion that British was a fragmented concept emerged. This denoted that there were various forms of 'British' and to be fully British, participants felt it was necessary to be of a certain race; it was only due to Britain being a multicultural society, participants felt they could 'claim' their form of British-ness. In addition, culture was a key signifier of sustaining Newah identity: celebrating



Newah festivals granted a sense of cultural identity. However, participants also felt that it was important to celebrate festivals such as Christmas, for the simple reason that if one is living in the host country, then surely the culture of the host society should also be embraced. Adding to this, participants felt it was necessary for their children to experience British culture and values as a means of integrating with their peers and ultimately the wider British society.

Overall, although this was a small-scale study, it demonstrated the elements Newah migrants used to construct their national identity in a multicultural society and it provides an indication of integration and assimilation in the mainstream British society. Within this study, the main finding portrayed how Newahs preserved their national identity, which can indicate the need to integrate into a community; mainly a community, which can provide some form of a 'shared' culture and experience. Hence it can be assumed that participants de-

scribed themselves as more Nepalese than British because Britain does not provide a shared culture in which everyone can claim and engage with. Therefore a multi-ethnic city like London may only be fragmenting society, suggesting the need for ethnic minorities to sustain their cultural and national identity. Thus, this study can imply how ethnic minorities preserve their national identity and whether a multi-ethnic Britain may have an impact on identity construction. What's more important is that this study reveals reasons why migration may occur, which nonetheless, enables researchers to acknowledge the social, political and economical situation of a country or nation. Although this study cannot be generalised amongst all Newah migrants in the UK, it does however, provide a platform for future research on migration and identity of Newahs and how identity is constructed according to the number of years Newahs have lived in the UK, the country they were born in and exposure to a culture and in some cases, religion.





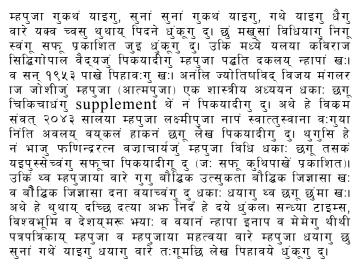


इतिहासनिसें वर्तमानतकया

म्हप्जा छपुल्

डा. कमलप्रकाश मल्ल

नेपाल संवत् १९१८ कौलागा ३०



अथे जुगु निंति म्हपुजाया महत्व व म्हपुजाया विधि गथे यानाः संर क्षण यायेग् धैग् वारे भीसं च्यताः कयाच्वनाग् छग् किसिमं स्वाभाविक हे ख:। छाय्धाल धा:सा नेवा: देय् दब्लिं नं थग्ने नार ायणगढय् छग् तःधंग् भेला यात। अन छग् छ क्वःछयुग् द् धाःसां भी नेवाःत संकस्यां सांस्कृतिक पहिचान गुगु खः महत्वपूर्ण छगू symbol म्हप्जा खः धकाः क्वःछित। नेवाःत न्ह्याथाय् च्वंम्हे ज्इमा, न्ह्याग्ग् सम्पदायया ज्इमा, न्ह्याग्ग् पेशाया ज्इमा,न्ह् याग्गु जात यापि जुइमा कार्तिक शुक्ल प्रतिपदा कुन्हु न्हूदँ क्यनेव म्हपुजा माने यायेगु व अले म्हपुजा माने यानाः भीतः म्हपुजाया भिंतुना इनाः थ्व भीसं न्यायेकेमाः धयागु छगू क्वः छ्यूगु दु। थ्व छगू कथं सांस्कृतिक जागरणया (cultural awakening) ४४ द न्ह् यः च्वसापासां पुसा प्यूगु खः। व पुसा बुलुहु स्वां जुया ह्वल।

म्हपुजा वारे मूलतः गथे अध्ययन यायेगु, थ्व यात गथे यानाः approach यायेगु, ध्वयात गथे यानाः analyse यायेगु ध्वयात गर्थे यानाः interprete यायेगु, थ्व सम्बन्धर्य जिं छत्वाःचा थन न्ह्यथनेग् याये।

अमेरिकाया प्रन्सटन विश्वविद्यालयय् आन्ध्रोपोलोजीया छम्ह तसकं ह तःधंम्ह प्रोफेसर Clifford Geertz धाःम्हेस्यां छग् तसकं हे महत्वपूर्णगुप्रभावशाली सफू च्वःगु दु। व सफूयागु ना The Interpretation of Cultures खः। व सफ्तिइ वयकलं छग् चिकिचौधंगु बाखं थें ज्या:गु ख न्ह्यथनादीगु दु। व बाखं थन छगू भूमिकाया रूपय् न्ह्यब्वये त्यना।

छकः १८औं शताब्दीयागु अन्तपाखे छम्ह ब्रिटिस सिभिल सिर्भन्ट इण्डियाय् दकलय् न्हापां व:बलय् व अनयाग् संस्कृति खनाः तसकं हे आश्चर्यचिकत ज्याः वं अनयापि पण्डिततय्के न्यन-"छिमिग् विश्वास अन्सार थ्व पृथ्वी छिकिइ अडे ज्याच्वंग् द्? थ्व



पृथ्वी क्बियाच्वंम्ह स्? धयाग् छिकिपिनि छ विश्वास?" बनारसया छम्ह पण्डितं "थ्व पृथ्वी फ्क्कं क्बियाच्वंम्हं ला किसि का किसि" धकाः वं जवाफ बिल। "अयुसा किंसि ला व कावलेया म्हय् अडान कयाच्वंच्वंग् काबलें किसियात ल्ह्वनाच्वंग्" धाला "अयुसा व काबले यात सुनां ल्ह्वनाच्वंगु ले? "धकाः न्यन। "व काबलेयात मेम्ह काबलें ल्ह्वनाच्वंगु ला" धाल। अले "व मेम्ह काबलेयात सनां ल्ह्वनाच्वंग् ले "अयु धाधां धाधां न्यन्यंन्यन्यं काबलें काबलें काबलें काबलें ल्हेंबनाच्वंगु धकाः धयाहला "अनन्त तक काबलेतय्सं ल्ह्बनाच्वंगु धाला अर्थात संस्कृतिया व्याख्या धयागु छगू किसिमं छग् belief याने विश्वास, अवधारणा वा मान्यताय् आधारित ज्इ। उगु मान्यतायात भीसं दकलय् न्हापां थुइकेमा:गु द्।

म्हप्जा गबले श्रू ज्ल, धयाग् बारे तसकं हे न्ह्याएप्ग् लेखय् छगू भी तीर्थलाल नःघःभनीजं च्यादीगु द्। म्हपुजायागु मूल आधार भविष्य पुराण ख:। भविष्य पुराण धयागु वेदव्यासं च्व:गु ख:। उिकं द्वापर युगॅनिसें थ्व म्हपुजा शुरू जूगु खः धकाः वय्कलं धयादिल। अनं व हे लेखय् वय्कलं छुनं धयादिल धा:सा थ्व कलिय्ग शुरू जुइगु गुगु इलय् खः अबलय्निसें म्हपुजा धयागु दु धायेबलय् ५ हजार ७७ वर्ष न्ह्य:निसे शरू जुल धका: वयुकल हिसाब याना: क्यनादिल। आ: थ्व ख: ला कि मेख धका: परिक्षण यायेग् भीग् वास्तवय् छु आधार दु? अर्थात तीर्थलाल न:घ: भनीजुं च्वयादिल। थिकयात भीसं मिखा तिसीना माने यायेगु छपु लँ जुल। मेगु लँ छ जुल धाःसा भीस चभकभबचअज यायेमानी। भीसं वालास्वये मानी, द्ने द्हावना स्वये मानि। प्रमाण ज्वलं मुंके मानि धायेग् मेग् संस्कृतिया लप् ज्ला अले संस्कृतिया अध्ययन यायेग् प्रमाण धका: धायेबलय् छि प्रातात्विक प्रमाण लिपिबद्ध प्रमाण वा शिलालेखया प्रमाण वा छुं कथया लिपिबद्ध जूगु च्वयात:गु प्रमाण भीसं लुइके माःगु जुल।

म्हपुजा बारे भी थन पुलापुलागु अभिलेखय् वंशावली वा शिलापत्र थ्यासफ्तिइ गनं गथे उल्लेख ज्याच्वंग् द् धका: व्याक्क मालास्वया। थन खय् भासं च्वयातःग् छपा वंशावली द्। थ्कि यात "भाषा वंशावली" धाइ। भाषा वंशावली संकलन यायेग् गंबलेनिसे शरू जुल? सुगौली सन्धी (१८१६) जुइधुका थन ब्रिटिश लिगेशन च्वंवला अले ब्रिटिशतय्सं खोजीनीति याता थनया शाहतय्ग् थनया थापातय्गु बस्नेततय्गु पारिवारिक वंशावली मुनेगु यात। थ्व ज्या यासांनिसे थन भाषा वंशावली धयागु भीमसेन थापाया इलं शुरू जुयाः जंगबहादुरया इलय्निसें वीर शॅमशेरया इलय् तक न्ह्यात। दक्कलय् पुलांगु भाषा वंशावली संकलन जूगु हे १९२५ इश्वी ख:। अले भीसं गुगुँ राज्यया वंशावली धयागु खें:, भी पण्डित हेमराज शाक्यया वंशज यलया महाबौद्ध विहारय् च्वंम्ह ग्णनन्द पण्डितं च्वःग् खः। उकियात अंग्रेजी हिलाः म्निश शिवशंकर धयाम्ह मन्खं राइत सम्पादन या:गु जक ख:। थ्व १८२९ स च्व:गु सिल्वा लिभीनं छगू वंशावली यंकूग् द्। १८३४ स संकलन जूग् नेपाल देशको इतिहास धयागु छगू पिहाव:गु दु, व सं १८८२-८३ यागु अले १८७८ स बुद्धिमानसिं बस्नेत धयाम्ह (पृथ्वीनारायण शाहया काजी शिवर ाजिसहिया सन्तानं च्वयात:ग् छग् वंशावली द्) वयात



राजभोगमाला वंशावली धाइ व १८७८ यागु ख:। व वंशावलीइ छथाय् थथे च्वयात:गु दु। जुजु मानदेवया इलंनिसें थन मोहनी नखः माने यायेगु स्वन्ति नखः माने यायेगु अले म्हपुजा याये गुनं चलन भारतया पण्डितत नापं सहलह यानाः पलिस्था यात। अर्थात १९ औं शताब्दीइ च्वःगु वंशावलीइ जुजु मानदेव प्रथमं थ्व

मोहनी स्वन्ति गुँला भी देगुपुजा न्यायेकेग् थी थी नखः हनेग् शुरू यात धकाः च्वयातःगु दु। आः भीस थ्वयात ऐतिहासिक प्रमाण माने यायेग् कि मयायेग् धैग् छग् तसकं द्विधा ज्ल छखें स्वये बलय् भीस थ्व ऐतिहासिक प्रमाण धकाः माने यायेमाः थें च्वा छाय् धाःसा बुद्धिमानसिंह बस्नेत धयाम्ह गुम्ह मनू खः व मनूया पुखात जैसी क्वथाय दुथ्या:। अन यक्व प्लांपुलांग् अभिलेख दु। उकियागु आधारय् संकलन यानाः च्वयातःग् जूग्लिं संभवत व भाषा वंशावली धयागुलिइ छुं तथ्ययागु अंश दये माः धयागु जिगु विश्वास। अले निगुगू खँ छु धा:सा थ्व म्हपुजा दैत्यतय् दानीम्ह जुजु बलिराजया बाखं नाप स्वानाच्वंग् द्। भीसं



थौनं थ्व नख:यात "स्वन्ति" धयाच्वना, स्वन्ह् तिथिया अपभंश ख:। थ्वयात "बालयत्रेय" नं धाइ। बलिराजया निर्ति उत्सव यानाः स्वन्हु छुटे यानातःगु तिथि जूगुलिं स्वन्ति धाःगु खः। उकिं बलिराजया बाखं नापं छुं नं छुं कथे थ्व स्वन्ति स्वानाच्वंगु दु धयागु खनेदु। आः थ्व बलिराज याग् खँया पुरातात्विक प्रमाण छुँ दु? पंशुपतिइ तीलगंगा धयागु थासँय् विष्णुविकान्तयागु छगु मूर्ति दु। भगवान विष्णू स्वपलाः छिनाः छपलाः बलिराजयागु छचनय् पलाः तयाच्वंगु मूर्ति अन दु। व मूर्तिइ संवत ३८९ धकाः अंकित हे जुयाच्वंगु दु। अज्याः गुहे छ गू मूर्ति लाजिम्पातय् नं दु, लाजिम्पातय् च्वं गुमूर्ति अभिलेखालयय् तयातः गुदु। थ्व सन् पाचौ सदीयागु जुल। अज्याः गु हे छगू मूर्ति नवौं शताब्दीयागु दु। अनं उज्वःगु मेगु मूर्ति छगू फर्पिङय् नं दु। थ्व प्यंगू मूर्तिइ बलिराजयात विष्णूं छलकपट यानाः वामन अवतार कयाः नर्कयु स्वतुगु वा कुकांछवःगु बाखं दु। अले वं लिपा थ्व स्वन्हु पृथ्वीइ राज्य जुइमाः धयागु गुगु माग याःगु खः उकियागु पुरातातिवक प्रमाण मूर्तिकलाय् बियात:गु दु।

व मूर्ति संवत ३८९ वा इस्वी सन् ४६६-६७ पाखेंया ख:। थ्व बाखं नेपा:गालय् प्रचलित जुइ धुंकल धयागु अकात्य प्रमाण थ्व हे ख:। थ्व मू जुजु मानदेवं थः मांया नामय् तःगु खः। उकिं संभवतः छुं हे मखुसां थ्व म्हपुजा यायेगु, १५०० दं पुलां जुइ धका: धयागु छुं प्रमाण दु थें च्वं।

म्हपुजा वास्तवय् गज्यागु नखः खः धकाः भीतसं वाला स्वये। थ्व व्वये बह:गु नेवा: नख: ख:। अथे छाय् धयागु धा:सा नेवा:तय्गु संस्कृति धयागु हे छगू समन्वयात्मक संस्कृति खः। समुद्रय् वयाः थी थी खुसि फुक्क मिले जू वइ थें थी थी विश्वास, धर्म, संस्कृति, पूजा आचरण ज्वना वयाः फुक्कं छधी छप्पाय् ज्याच्वंगु थ्व है नेवाःतय्गु छगू विशेता ख:। थ्व विशषेता दक्कलय् यचुक पिचुक स्पष्ट जुइक खने दइगु जिं स्वये थ्व हे म्हपुजा नखः खः।

थ्व म्हपुजा नखलय् धात्थे धायेमाल धाःसा पाषाण युगनिसें हे अवशे ष दु। छि ल्वंहमा छाय् पुजा यानाच्वना, छि छाय् घ:पुजा यान(ाच्वना? छिगु भुतुलिइ थौं पाषाण युगयागु अवशेष दिन। व अवशे ष छु धाःसा ल्वंहमा, व माय् केलेगु घः खः। गुगुं परिवारं गोवद्र्धन प्जा धकाः नं यानाच्वन। थ्व पश्पालन य्गया छग् अवशेष खः। थीथी बालि दुकया: न्याता किसिमयागु अन्न, (गुम्हेस्या च्याता बूव:, ग्म्हेस्यां ग्ता बूव:, ग्म्हेस्यां भिजंनिता बूव:) तया: मण्डलय् अन्नया पर्वत थें दयेका: अन्नकूत दयेका: पूजा यानाच्वन। थ्व कृषिप्रधान सामाजिक अवस्थायापि ख:। अर्थात् आर्थिक विकासया कुनं स्वये बलय पाषाण युगं निसें बुज्याय ध्यनेधुंकूगु ई तकया छुं नं छुं

अवशेष खनेद्। अले छि, वैष्ण ख:सा वैष्णवतय्ग् नं ल्यंप्ल्यं द्। छाय धाःसा भगवान् कृष्णं द्य :यात पुज्या :गुलिं इन्द्र तसकं तब्बये का घनघोर वा वयेकूगुलि पर्वत ल्ह्वनाः दक्व सापूतगु संरक्षण या:गुलिं गोवर्द्धन पुजा जुल धकाः हरिवंश पुराणय् च्वयातल। थ्व वै ष्णवतय्गु संस्कृति जुला अथेहे थुकिइ (रत्नकाजी गुर्जुयागु लेख -

म्हप्जाया महत्वबारे ब्वनादिसं) थ्व च्याह: दुगु मन्द: छु? छाय् भीसं च्याहः दुगु मन्दः च्वया। र त्नकाजी वजाचार्यया धापू कथं थ्व च्याह: द्ग् मन्द: अष्टमातृका खः। भीसं च्याता बूवः तया च्वनाग् थ्व च्याम्ह मात्काया प्रतिनिधित्व ख:। च्याह: भैल: द् यःया representative खः। उकि शाक्त धर्म नं अन वल। अन हिन्दूधर्म नं व:ग् छि स्पष्ट हे सिल। छाय् धाःसा

भगवान विष्णुं ध्व बलिर ाजयात नर्कय् छवःगु अवतार या गुगु सिद्धान्त खः व अवतार वाद हिन्दू पुराण दकलय् तःधंगु विशेषता

या ख:। विष्ण्ं वामन अवतार कया बलिराजयात नर्कय् छव:ग्

खः। १८ गू पुराणय् दकलय् त :धंगु विशेषता मध्ये छगू भगवान विष्ण्ं थीथि य्गय् थीथी अवतार काःग् व अवतारवाद खः। थन वाम्हणवादया नं खं वल। अनं बिलराजया खं वल। अले गनं गनं थुकिइ संभवत: आर्य व अनार्यतय्गु ल्वापुया छुमां न खनेदु। छाय् धाःसा दैत्यराज बलियात दमन याःगु, वैश्य व क्षेत्रीयतय्गु ल्वापु वा शुद्र वा छेत्रीतय्गु ल्वापु, थुकियागु नं प्रतिनिधित्व गनं गनं दुला? अथे हे छिकपिसं बौद्ध विद्वान्पिके न्यनादिसं, बौद्ध विद् वानिपसं छु धाइ धाःसा थ्व च्याता बूवः, थ्व अष्ट बोधिसत्व खः। अले थ्व पंच बृद्धी पंच बुद्ध ख:। न्यागू गुगु मन्द: च्वइगु ख: व पंच बुद्ध ख: धयाच्वन। अथे हे वय्क:पिसं यमराजया पूजा मया:। वा याना धकाः धयामदी। उकुन्हु तिनि भी लाभरत्न तुलाधरयागु छगू लेख पिहाव:गु दु। वय्कलं छु धयादिल धा:सा थ्व जिमिसं यमराज, बलिर ाज सूर्य, ब्रम्हा, विष्णु सुयातं पुमज्याना। जिमिसं न्यागू मन्दः च्वये ग् पञ्च बुद्ध अले यंकि मन्दः व मंकि मन्दः धयाग् स्वंग् च्वय् व क्वय् च्वयेग्। लाभरत्न तुलाधरजुया अनुसार थ्व यंकि मन्दः व मंकि मन्द धाःगु छु खः जिमिसं नं मस्यू। थ्व यमराज चित्रगुप्त खःला जिमिसं ने मस्या अर्थात जिंथन छिकपिंत धाये त्यनागुं संस्कृति घुलमिल जुया: जूगु विभिन्न धर्म व संस्कृति ख: व फुक्क थुकिइ ल्वाकःबुकः ज्यानाच्वंगु खनेदु। छाय् धाःसा, वैष्ण, शाक्त, शैव अनं वया बौद्ध थ्व फुक्क धर्म थुकिइ दु। उकुन्हु हे जू म्हितुबले महाद्य: बुत पार्वती त्यात। उकिं जू मिहते माः धकाः आदित्य पुराणं धयातल। आदित्य पुराणं धा:गु चाहिं छिं उकुन्हु सुथय् जू म्हितेमाः जू म्हिताः त्यात धाःसा छि दिच्छ यंक त्याइ, बुत धाःसा दिच्छि तक बुई धयागु खँवल। छगू पुराण छता धाल, मेगु पुराण मेगु धाल, थीथी पुराण धाःगु अनेक खँ थुकिइ दु।

वास्तवय् म्हपुजा कुन्हु याइगु चिं छु छु? धकाः भीसं तीजक माला स्वया वनेबलय महपुजा कुन्हु याइगु विभिन्न ज्यात खनेद्। उकिइ दकलय् महत्वपूर्ण ज्या लाँ थ्वं भीसं थःत थःम्हं पुज्याइगु खः। थःत थम्हं पुज्याइगु वा थःगु म्हयात पुज्याइगु खः। छाय्धाःसा नेवाः भाय् सजिव वस्तुयात जक "म्ह" धकाः प्रयोग याइ। निर्जीव वस्तुयात न्हः याबलयें "गुँ धकाः प्रयोग याइ। नेवाः भाय् वस्तु न्ह्याग्गु हे जुइमा उकिइ "गु" प्रयोग याइ। "बांला:गु छें", "बांला:म्ह मनूँ" म्हॅपुजा सजिवतायाम् छम् पूजा खः। जीवनं, जीवन्तता उकियाम् पूजा खः थ्व। तर थ्व हाकर्न यमेराज व चित्रगुप्त सःताः मृत्युयागु नं पुजा खः। जीवनयागु नं पूजा ख:। मृत्युयागु पूजा छाय् खं: धा:सा: भी दिच्छ तक म्वानाः हाकेनं मेगु देँ म्वाये देयेमा, हाकनं मेगु दं मंगलमय ज्इमा मेग् दँ भिं ज्इमाः मंगलमय ज्इमा धकाः धयाग् ग्ग् कामना ख: व कामना नं थ्किइ द्। उिकं म्हप्जायात भीसं "आत्मा पूजा" नं धयाच्वना। गुम्हं गुम्हं विद्वान्पिसं युकियात "आत्म पुजा" ने



या प्जा ग्म्हेस्यां कायया पुजा धाल उकिं काय मण्डल च्वया: प्ज्याँइग् ध्याच्वन। तर जिं स्वयेबलय् मूलतः थ्व जीवन जीवन्तता, animacy या पूजा ख:। सजिव भीग् देह ख:, सजिव देहया पूजा ख:। थ्व मंगल ज्इमा: धयाग् इच्छा यानाः पञ्च महातत्वं दयेकातःग् म्ह खः, व पंच महाभूतयागु नं छगू कथं पूजा खः। म्हपुजाबलय् हासा पुज्याइ, तुफि पुज्याइ, मत पुज्याइ। थ्व वायु, पृथ्वी, लःया चि खः। जलक्ण्ड धयाग् लः ज्ल, त्फि धयाग् पृथ्वीयाग् प्रतिनिधि अनं हासा धयाग् वाय्या प्रतिनिधि खः। गुम्हे गुम्हेस्या थुकित वरूण, सर्य व ब्रम्हा आदि वैदिक द्य:नं धाः। थ्व पञ्चतत्वं भीग शरीर बने ज्याच्वंग् ख: व तत्वयाग् नं प्जा ख:। उिकं आ: नेवा:तय्सं नं आ: अनेक व्याख्या यानाः थीथी कथं पुजा यानाच्वंगु द।

थ्व विविध व्याख्या व विविध पुजा यानाच्वंग्या संभवतः छग् कारण छ नं ज्इफ् धाःसा थ्व प्जायाग् वास्तवय् विधि छं मद् वा ल्इके मफ्नि। म्हप्जा विधि धकाः

आःतक जिं छुं हे सफू लुइके मफुनि। भी राष्ट्रिय अभिले खालययु व जर्मन म्यान्स्किप्ट पिजरभेशन पोजेक्टय जितःकवः त :ग् कथं माले ध्न। अन थ्व म्हपुजा विधि धयागु छु सफू हे मलू। बरू पुला पुलागु अभिले खालय प्लां प्लांग् पात्रोय, ल्हातं म्हास् भवतय् मल्लकालीन पात्रो, अनं मुद्रित ज्याः थासा

आखलं पिहा वये धुंका:या गुगु पात्र खः ई सं १८८१ निसें भी पात्रो छापे यायेग् या:ग् ख:। लिपाः वयाः तिनि म्हप्जा धाःग् खनेदत। ने वाः जोशीतय्सं गबलय् पात्रो छापे यायेगु शुरू यात अबलय्निसें तिनि बल्ल म्हपुजा धयागु च्वयेगु शुरू यात।

वया न्ह्यः मल्लकालयाग् पात्रो य नं ल्हातय च्वयातःग् पात्रोय नं सर्वत्र "सखरात्री" धयाग् शब्द प्रयोग जुग् खना। जिं न्हापायाग् पात्रय् नं अनं वया: अभिलेखय् नं अले थ्यासफ्तिइ नं थ्व दिनयाग् लागि "स्खरात्री" धयागु हे शब्द प्रयोग ज्याच्वंग् खना। उकिं थ्व म्हप्जा धकाः भीसं ग्ग् प्जा यानाच्वनाग् खः व स्खरात्रीयाग् छग् कृत्य खः, यायेमाःग् ज्या खः। गथेकि, आदिवासी नेवा:त धयापिं ज्याप्त हे ख:। वयक:पिनि म्हप्जा याइबलय् छ्यंनय् चिकंयाग् प्रयो ग याइग् द्। छ चँनय् चिकं थायेग्,

चिकं तिलाबीग् म्ह प्जायाग् प्रकृया खनेद्। आ: व गनं वल धयाग् धायेबलय् वास्तवय् पुलांपुलांगु सफ्तिइ कार्तिक शुक्ल प्रतिपदा क्न्ह् अभ्यंड स्नान व तैलाभ्यंड म्हय् चिकनं थाइग् संभवतः ज्इफ्। म्हप्जा क्न्ह्यात अर्थात् कछलाथ्व पारूयात "स्खरात्री" धयाग् ने पाल संवत् ५५१ निसंयागु भीके प्रमाण दु। दक्व थासय् चाहे व पात्रो हे जुइमा न्ह्याग्लिइ नं "सुखरात्री" धकाः हे च्वयातःग् खने द्। हस्तलिखित ज्वलनं म्हप्जाये धंकाः च्वयातःग् खनेमद्। उकिं थ्व म्हपुजा यायेगु थ्व गुगु कृत्य खः व सुखरात्रीलिसे सम्बन्धित न खः। आः थ्व "सुखरात्री" धयागु छु? गनं वल? सुखरात्री धयागु औंसी व कछलाथ्व पारू दथ्इया चाः खः। औंसी सिंधयाः कछलाथ्व पारू क्यनीगु गुगु चा खः उगु चायात "सुखरात्री" धाइ। अले उगु रात्री क्न्ह् "कौ मुदी महोत्सव" धकाः छगू तसक हे तः धंगु उत्सव भार तीय उपमहाद्वीपय् गुप्तकालंनिसें माने याइग् महोत्सव ज्याच्वन। व हे महोत्सव भी नेवा:तय्सं नं थःगु हे कथं, थःगु जःछि परिवार फ्किक म्नाः दीर्घाय् कामना यानाः हनी। छाय्धाःसा ताः म्वायेमा धयाग्यात सांकेतिक रूपं प्रतिकात्मक रूपं भीत बीग् ग्ग् ग्वय्स्वां खः अले गुगु च्याकेगु इताः खः (इताःया हाकः भीगु ख्वाःनाप मिले

जुइमाः) "खे" धयागु ख्वाः, ख्वाःयागु हाकः तराबरी इताः धाःगुया निंति खेल्इताः जूग् खः अले जजका ख्वी छपु व म्हधुछि गपाय् हाकः खः अपाय् हाँकः जुइमाः। उकिं थुकिइ चाहिँ भीगु म्हयागु पुजा यानाः दीर्घाय् जुइमा धकाः कामना यानाः प्जा याइम्ह छेनिकन हे याइ। छाय् याःगुं ले? धयागु खँय् नं भी स्पष्ट जुइमाः थे च्वं। छ मखुसा लिच्छविकालंनिसें नेपालयं नववर्षारम्भ जुइग् व हे कार्तक शुक्ल प्रतिपदा कुन्हु कछलाथ्व पारू कुन्हु ख:। म्हपुजा कुन्हु हे न्हापांनिसें लिच्छविकालय नं मानदेवया इलय नं म्हप्जा कन्ह हे, राघवदेवया इलय् नं म्हपुजा कुन्हु हे न्हूदँ हिन। उकि म्हपुजा क्नह न्हुदँ शुरू जुइग्या निंतिं न छगु दीर्घाय कामना यानाः भीसं म्हप्जा याना च्वनाग् ख:।



थ्व म्हप्जाया बारे भीसं गुलि स्यग् खं: वयां सिकें यक्व ख सीके मानिगु दनि। उकिया दुने दहा वनाः उकियाग् दसि छ खः। छु छु तन्त्रपुराण अभ वे दय् वा बौद्ध ग्रन्थय् छ्किइ उल्लेख जुयाच्वंगु दु फुक्क मालेमाः। थुकियागु सन्दर्भ छु ख: धका: माला स्वयेमा:ग् छग आवश्यकता दनि। अथे हे भीसं भी नेपा:याग् अभिलेख थ्यासफू अनं वयाः पुलांपुलांगु ल्हातं ैच्वयातःगु पात्रो नं भीसं बांलाक क्वथीक वालास्वयेमाःगु दनि। जिं थनं

ग्लि छिकपिन्त धया छ जिं वास्तवयु सीमित अध्ययनयाग् लिधंसाय् खं:। उकिइ हे दुहा वनाः उकियागु systematic research यानाः अभ थ्किइ field-work यानाः अर्थात छेय् छेय् परि वारय विभिन्न जात, अले विभिन्न थासय् ये, यल, ख्वप: व थुकि





आवश्यकता द्। अनं मेखे थ्व प्लांग् ग्ग् अभिलेख थ्यासफू अले पात्रोयाग् नं बांलाक अध्ययन यायेमा:ग् द्। अले जिं दक्कलय् लिपा छिकपित छ निवेदन याये धाःसा आः थौं कन्हय् अडियो भिज्वलयाग् छग् कान्ति थें वयाः ग्कियात digital revolution धाइ व वयाग् प्रयोगं यानाः यक्व संस्कृतिया संरक्षण यायेज्यू। थ्व म्हप्जाया सुथंनिसे बहनीतक छु छु ज्याख जुइगु खः व हरेक ज्या मिसा छु ज्या याइगु मिजं नं छु ज्या याइगु गन छु याइगु छु छु द्यःयात धलं दिनगु, गन गन द्यःयाथाय पुज्यावनीगु थ्व तमाम् चीज छु छु ख: व डक्मेन्ट यायेमा:गु आवश्यकता खना। थ्व डक्मेन्ट वास्तवय् मज्नि। भौसं नेपालभाषां मंका खलः - थ्व आदि संस्थां थ्किइ छ विद्वतवृत्ति बिया नं छगू टीमयात लिधंसा बिया नं थ्किइ भिज्वलया छगू टीम नं दयेकेमा:। छगू विद्वानिपनिगु टिम दयेका: अध्ययन याये माः। उकिइ धर्मशास्त्री, ज्योतिष, लिपि विशेषज्ञ वय्कःपिं नं च्वना भीसं अध्ययन यायेमा थें च्वं।

(थ्ग् च्वस् नेपालभाषा मिसा खलःया ग्वसालय् डा. कमलप्रकाश मल्लं बियादीगु धारावाहिक प्रवचन (भ्हतभग्जिबचभ) या टेप रिकर्डिङया लिधंसाय् भाजु बसन्त महर्जनजुं तयार यानादीगु खः।)



सकस्यां यःगु मरि योमरि

निजिरोस श्रेष्ठ (न्याछुयों)

१. न्ह्यखँ योमरि च्वाम्/उकी दुने हाकु ब्यूसा माकु/मब्यूसा फाकु ब्यूम्ह ल्यासे/मब्यूम्ह बुरिचा त्यो छित्यो बकछि त्यो लातापाता कुलिंचां जूछित्यो छिमि नं चिक्, जिमि नं चिक् पियाच्वने थाकु, याकनं बी हिँ

थ्व सः हरेक नेवाःत पुचः दुगु त्वालय् योमरिपुन्हिया संन्याइलय् थ्वइगु सः खः। खला थौंकन्हय् अप्वः धैथें नेवाःतय् स्विनगलं पिने वनां मेमेगु बस्ती नं च्वंवने धुंकुगु दु। तर अय्सां नं पुलांपुलांगु नेवा:तय् बस्ती थौंकन्हय् नं थजागु सः पिज्वय्काः योमरि प्वनेगु चलन द हे दनि।

योमरिपुन्हि खास यानाः थिंलापुन्हिखुन्हु माने याइ। नेवा:तय् दच्छियंकं हनावयाच्वंग् हरेक नखतय् विशेष नसा नय्ग् यानात:गुली योमरिपुन्हिखुन्हु चाहिं योमरि नय्गु यानात:गु दु। थथे थ्व पुन्हिखुन्हु योमिर नय्गु यानात:गुलिं थ्व दिनयात मिरया नामं हे योमरिपुन्हि नं धाय्गु याः। थ्व विशेष किसिमया मरि नेवाःतय् जक दय्का: नख: हना वयाच्वंग् खनेद्। अले योमिर सकल ने वा:तय् य:गु मरि नं ख:।

नेवा:तय् न्हूगु वा भकारी जाय्केगु, वा धुकुती स्वथनेगु भवलय् थ्व हे न्हूगु वाया जािक दय्काः, थुिकयात हे चुं यानाः योमिर दय् काः कु पुज्याय्गु चलन दु। थुलिजक मखु नेवाःतय् हनावयाच्वंगु छुं नं नखतय् देय्या लकसकथं स्वास्थ्ययात मिले जुइक नय्गु यानातःगु खनेद्। योमरिपुन्हि चिकुलां हनेगु नखः खः। चिकुलां ख्वाउँसे च्वंगु इलय् योमरि नय्बले म्ह क्वानाः गर्मी जुइगुलिं यो मरि नय्गु यानातःगु खः।

नेवा:तय् संस्कृती योमरि पुन्हिया जक मखु कि योमरिया नं उत्तिकं हे महत्व बिया: त:गु दु। उिकं नेवातय् थीथी संस्कार, संस्कृती वा ज्या खँय् योमरि छुयाः छयलावयाच्वंगु दु। मिसातय् मचा प्वाथय् दयाः बुइ न्ह्यो थःछें नं धौबिज नकः वनीबले १०८ योमरी दय्काः तयाः यंकेग् चलन द्।



मस्तय् जन्मन्हिबले योमरी माः निदं निसें जोड जोड दंय् गथे कि निदं, प्यदं, खुदं, च्यादं, भितदं व भितनिदंबले योमरी छुया: द्य:यात छाया:, जन्मन्हि या:म्ह मचायात दँकथं हे निग:, प्यंग:, खुगः च्यागः, किगः व किांनिगः योमरी माः दय्काः क्वखाय्की। गुलिंगुलिंसिया निदंपुन्हिबले योमरिमाः क्वखाय्कीबले स्वंगः यो मिर तयाः नं क्वखाय्कीगु चलन दु। भिनिदं लिपा योमिर छुइ म्वाः। जन्मिन्हबले योमिर क्वखाय्केगु जक मखु योमिर लुइगु नं याः। लुइगु व क्वखाय्केगु योमरी दुने हाम्वः चाकु मतःसे आखे वा जािक गुलिंसिया निगः गुलिंसिया न्यागः तय्गु याइ। निदं पुन्हिबले धाःसा गुलिंसिया पाजुपिन्थाय्नं १०८ योमरि तयाः ख्यॅय् सगं ज्वरय् यानाः मचायात जन्मन्हि याकेत कु छ्वय् माःगु चलन दु।

ज्याथजिथि जंक्वबलय् खतय् फय्तुकि धुंकाः पाथी योमरि, तौला व फलफूल कुचा तयाः स्वकः लुइकेमाः। योमिरं लुइकेबले गुलिंसिया भितचा जक योमिर दय्कूसा गाः धाःसा गुलिंसिया सच्छि व च्यागः हे माः। योमिरं लुइके धुंका तपिर छगलय् जातः, तौला, योमरि तयाः लःल्हाना बीगु नं चलन दु।

थ्व बाहेक मेगु ज्यापु समाजय् इहिपा जुयाः न्हापांगु किजापूजाय् गुलिंसिया मेमेगु थीथी नसात नापं योमरि, योमरि मा:, जािक चुंया त्वा:देवा दय्का ज्वना: वनेगु चलन दु।

न्हूगु देगः पलिस्था याइबले वा पताः छाइबले वा न्हूगु छैं दने सिधयाः पलिं चीबलय् च्वं योमरि लुइगु वा ह्वलेगु चलन दु। अथे हे बुंग द्य:, जनबहा द्य: सालीबले रथया च्वकाय् वना: योमिरं लुइगु यानावयाच्वंगु दु।

२. योमरिपुन्हिबले याय्मा:गु ज्याखँ योमरिपुन्हिया छन्हु न्ह्यो छैं छखां सुचुकुचु यानाः बाँथली । कन्हय्खुन्हु नी याना: धुकू नं सुचुकुचु याना: बँथिली । उखुन्हु हे छुँज:पिं अप्वः यानाः मिस्त च्वनाः योमरि दय्की । अले बहनी कु पुज्याइ । योमरि दय्केतः माःगु सामान-



जािक चुं, चाकु, हाम्व:, चुंला, फ्वया: चुं याना: त:गु माय्, चिकं (भतिचा), क्वाःलः

थलबल न्हापा व आः

- पोतासि/मम ख्वँ
- २. फ्वसि
- ३. बाटा
- ४. हासा
- ५. खोला (खोल्चा)
- ६. भुतू (चाया) व सिँ/ग्याँसया भुतू वा मचिकंया भुतू
- ७. मलमलया सालूगु काप:
- ८. पंखा वा ख्वातूगु भ्वं
- ३. योमरि दय्केत पूर्व तयारी योमरि दय्केत दकले न्हापां हाम्वः सियाः नी । अले चाकु लः तयाः नाय्की । चाकु नालिक थुकी निनाःतःगु हाम्वः ल्वाकछ्याइ । थ्व हाम्व: चाकु छुलुमुलु धाय्क दय्की ।

छखे जाकि चुं न्हाइ । अप्वः यानाः ताइचिन जाकियात क्यलाः दय्कातःगु जाकि चुं छ्यली । छाय्धाःसां थुकी लस्सा अप्वः वयाः योमरि दय्कीबले तज्याइ मखु धका: ख:। मेमेगु जाकि चुनय् उलि लस्सा वइमखु । अथे जुयाः मेमेगु जाकिया योमिर ततः ज्याइगु संभावना दय्यो ।

४. योमरि दय्केगु तरिका

योमिर दय्किबले फयांफक्व साल्लुक दय्कल धाःसा व बांलागु योमरि जुइ । थुकिया निंतिं दकले न्हापां क्वा:ल:तया जाकि चुं न्हाइ । जािक चुं न्हाय् धुंकाः थुिकयात क्वाःक्वाः हे मलमलया सालुगु तुयुगु कापतं त्वःपुया तइ । त्वःपुया मतल धाःसा योमरि दय्केबले ततः ज्याय्यो । छगः खोल्चाय् क्वाःलः व चिकं ल्वाकछ् यानातइ । थुलि सामान चू लातिक ल्हाती ल्वाकछ्यानातःगु लः व चिकं कयाः बुली । आः न्हायाः तःगु जाकि चुंया ठिक्कगु ग्वारा याइ । थ्व ग्वारायात भितचा ताहाक:याना: छखे च्वांमुसे च्वंकी धाःसा मेखे पत्तिचिंकी । थ्व हे पत्तिचिंथाय् चोलापतिंचां लः चिकनय् थुनां प्वाः खनाहइ । प्वाः खनीबले खव ल्हाती योमरिया ग्वारा दिका: चा:चा:हीका साल्लुसे च्वंका हइ। अले थ्व हे प्वालय् ल्वाकछ्यानातःगु हाम्वः चाकु दुने तइ। चाकु तय् धुंका योमरिया म्हुतुयात बिस्तारं चाःहिकाः चिचीप्वाः यायां प्वाः तिनां हइ। प्वाः ती धुंकाः चुंयात च्वय् सालाः जवं खवं न्हाय्पं थें निगू च्वका तइ । थुलि याय्धुंका थुकी योमरिया आकार वइ।

योमरि न्यागः, खुगः वा व स्वयां अप्वः दय्के धुंकाः हाय्तः ठीक जुइ । मम:या खोँलय् चीकू कापः छकुती चिकं थुनाः इलाबी । थथे चिकं इलाबिलिक योमिर बुइबले योमिर थलय् मथाकेत याइगु खः । थुलि याय् धुंकाः ममःखोँय् छिसिंकथं मिलय् यानाः योमरि तयाहइ । ममःखाँया दकले क्वय् च्वंगु थलय् लः दाय् की, ल: दाया: हा वल कि उकि द्य:ने योमरि दुगु थल तया: पुसां त्वपुयाबी । १०, १५ मिनेट लिपा योमरि चिल्लो खने दया: वलिक थ्व बुइ । थथे योमिर बुतिक पुसा लिकना हासाय् प्वंका: पलख पंखा वा ख्वातूगु भ्वंतं गालाबी । थथे फसं गालिक योमिर प्वालाप्वाला थिनावइ ।

योमरिपुन्हिखुन्हु थथे चाकु हाम्व: दुगु योमरि जक मखु मेमेगु योमरि नं दय्केगु या: । फ्वया: निना: चि, पालु तयात:गु माय्, चुंला दुने तयाः नं योमरि दय्कू । हाम्वः चाकु तयाः तःगु, माय् तयात:गु व चुंला तया त:गु योमिर ल्वाक:बुक: जुइ सी दइ मखु धकाः योमरिया म्हुतुइ थीथी आकार वय्की । हाम्वः चाकु दुगु यो मरिया म्हुतुइ न्हाय्पंथे निगू च्वका तःसा, ला दुगुली छगू जक च्वका तइ, अथे हे माय् दुगुली च्वका मलुइकूसे तःप्वाःयानाः जवंखवं तिनाः ताःहाकः यानाः हे तिनाबी । थथे छगू किसिमया योमरियात छगू हे आकार वय्काः योमरियात म्हसीकेत अःपुकी ।

थ्व बाहेक योमरिपुन्हिबले जािक चुंया थीथी मरि नं दय्की। थुबले जािक चुंया योमरि नापं लोंचामरि, मायो (माय् दुगु), बायो (चाकु दुगु) जवंखवं सिन्ह:मुं ज्वालान्हाय्कं ज्वनाच्वंम्ह लक्ष्मी द्य:, लक्ष्मीया बहाँ कछुवा, गणेद्य:, गणेद्य:या बहाँ तिछुँ, कुबेर, ख्या:, हासा ज्वनात:म्ह मनू, तुफि ज्वनात:म्ह मनू, सुकुन्दा, त्वा:देबा आदि कु पूजा याय्त दय्केगु चलन दु। कु पूजा याय्तः मायो, बायो योमिर स्वयां तःग्वः जुइक, छखे च्वांमुसे व मेखे माथं वंक दिके जीक दय्कीगु ख:।

न्हापान्हापा योमरि दय्केगु ज्या आः थे अःपु मजू। न्हापा योमरि प्वतासी तयाः हाइगु खः प्वतासिया क्वय् प्वाःप्वाः दइ । फ्वसि व कसरी लः दाय्का उकी द्यःने प्वतासि द्यछुइ। प्वतासीदुने धाःसा सुतइ। अले व हे सुइ द्यःने दय्का तःगु योमिर व मेमेगु थीथी चुंया दय्कातःगु तइ। च्वय् क्वपनं त्वःपुयाः योमरि हाइ।

न्हापा प्वतासि नं थीथी दुगु खः। चाया प्वतासि, लीया, अथे हे सिज:या आदि। प्वतासि योमिर दय्केत मदय्कं मगा:गु थल जुया: उगु इलय् अप्वः मनूतय् म्ह्याय्मस्त वियाः छ्वइवले क्वसः हे तय्गु नं चलन दुगु खः।



थथे योमरिपुन्हिबले कु पूजा याइबले योमरि लगायत द्य:पिं, ख्याः, मनू, मायो, बायो, छुँ, सुकुन्दा, त्वाःदेवा, कछुवा आदि छुछु दय्कुगु दु व फुक्क वंलाभ्यगतय् वा पाथी छसिंकथं मिलय् यानाः तइ । थ्व योमरि दुगु वंलाभ्यगः न्हूगु वा अथवा जािक दुगु भकारी वा त्यपद्य:ने तया: जािक, सिन्ह:, स्वां, समय्बजि, फलफूल तयाः इताः, धुपाँय् च्याकाः पूजा यानाः त्वःपुया प्यन्हु तक स्वनेगु याइ। प्यन्हु लिपा योमरि क्वकयाः प्रसादकथं नय्गु याइ । प्यन्हु दुखुन्हु म्ह्याय्मस्त नं सःता नखत्या ब्वनाः योमरि नकेगु याइ । थथे योमरिपुन्हिखुन्हु योमरि द्य:पिं आदि दय्काः कु पूजा यानाः योमिर छायाः, दान बियाः अथवा मेमेपिन्त इनाबिल धाःसा थःपिनि सम्पति, अन्न स्थिर जुयाः नय्त्वनेया कीम जुइमखु धैगु धारणा दु ।

योमरिपुन्हिबले अप्वः नेवाःतय् योमरि दय्काः कु पुज्याइसा गुलिंसिया योमरि छुइ मज्यू धका: छुइगु चलन मदुपिं नं दु । थथे योमिर छुइ मज्यूपित योमिर छुइ ज्यूपि थःथितिपिसं छैंय् हे वनाः योमरी बीयंकेगु नं चलन दु। योमरि छुइ मज्यूगु नं थीथी कारण दु । गुलिंसिया न्हापान्हापा पुर्खापिंमध्ये छम्हेस्या योमरि न:बले कथुइ थानाः सीगु घटना जूगुलिं उबलेंनिसें योमिर छुइ मज्यूगु धैगु धापू दु । अथे हे गुलिंसिया योमरि छुया: योमरि लिकाय् धकाः प्वतासी क्वछूबले उकिं वःगु हां पुनाः सीगु घटना जूगुलिं उबलेंनिसें योमरि छुइ मज्यूगु धैगु धापू दु। अथे हे गुलिंसिया यो मरि छुया: योमरि लिकाय् धका: प्वतासी क्वछूबले उकिं व:गु हां पुनाः सीगु घटनां यानां योमरि छुइ मज्यू धकाः धयातःगु धैगु धापू दु ।

५. योमरी दइगु पौष्टिक तत्व योमरि क्वा:गु ल:या हाय् हायाः दय्कीगु मरि जूगुलिं थुकी चिल्लो म्हो जक दइ। अथे जुया: योमरि उसाँय् मदुपिन्त नं नके ज्यू। योमरि चिकुलां नय्गु यानातःगुलिं थुकिं ख्वाउँबले क्वाकाः तागत नं दय्काबी । अथे हे योमरिपुन्हिबले नय्गु योमरि जाकिचुं जक मखुसे थुकी चाकु, हाम्व:, माय्, ला आदि नं दइगुलिं थुपिं नसाय् दुगु यक्व पौष्टिक तत्व प्राप्त जुइ।

थुकी कार्बोहाइड्रेट, प्रोटिन, क्यालोरि, क्याल्सियम, फोस्फोरस, फलाम, भिटामिन, मिनरल थें जागु पौष्टिक तत्व भरिपूर्ण जुयाच्वंगु दु। जाकि चुं – ६.८ प्रोटिन (ग्राम), ०.५ चिल्लो(ग्राम), ०.६ मिनरल(ग्राम), ७८.२ कार्बोहाइड्रेट(ग्राम), १० क्याल्सियम(ग्राम), १६० फोस्फोरस(ग्राम), ०.७ फलाम(ग्राम) चाकु - ०.४ प्रोटिन (ग्राम), ०.१ चिल्लो(ग्राम), ०.६

मिनरल(ग्राम), ९५ काबोहाइड्रेट(ग्राम), ८० क्याल्सियम(ग्राम),
४० फोस्फोरस(ग्राम), ११.४ फलाम(ग्राम), १६८ क्यारोटिनया
रुपय् भिटामिन
🗌 हाम्बः - १८.३ प्रोटिन (ग्राम), ४३.३ चिल्लो(ग्राम), ५.२
मिनरल(ग्राम), २५.० कार्बोहाइड्रेट(ग्राम), १४५० क्याल्सियम(
ग्राम), ५७० फोस्फोरस(ग्राम), ९३ फलाम(ग्राम), ६०
क्यारोटिनया रुपय् भिटामिन
□ माय् - २४.० प्रोटिन (ग्राम), १.४ चिल्लो(ग्राम), ३.२
मिनरल(ग्राम), ५९.६ कार्बोहाइड्रेट(ग्राम), १५४ क्याल्सियम(ग्राम),
३८५ फोस्फोरस(ग्राम), ३.८ फलाम(ग्राम), ३८ क्यारोटिनया
रुपय् भिटामिन
🗌 ला - १९.४ प्रोटिन (ग्राम), ०.९ चिल्लो(ग्राम), १.०
मिनरल(ग्राम), ३ क्याल्सियम(ग्राम), १८९ फोस्फोरस(ग्राम)

स्रोत – नेपाली खाद्य पदार्थमा पाइने तत्वहरु, कृषि मन्त्रालय – विसं २०५०

थुकथं योमरी च्वंगु थीथी पौष्टिक तत्वं यानाः एनिमिया जुयाच्वंपिन्त, ब्लड प्रेसर लो जूपिन्त, ठण्डी ख्वाउचाइपिन्त, अथे हे क्याल्सियम यक्व दुर्गुलिं म्ह थहांवयाच्वंपिं मस्त वा ल्याय्म्ह ल्यासेपिन्त थुकिं यक्व हे फाइदा याइ।

६. लिखँ योमरि यक्व पौष्टिक तत्वं जायाच्वंगु द:सां गुलिंसिया अथवा छुंछुं ल्वय् दुपिनि नय् मज्यूगु नं खनेदु।

योमिर ग्याष्टिक जूपिनि नलधाःसा छाति हीसे च्वंकाः ग्याष्टिक भन् हे अप्वय्काबी। अथे हे चाकु दुगुलिं डाइबेटिज जूपिनि, थ्व नय्त विचाः याना जक नःसा बांलाइ।

योमरिपुन्हिया नखः परम्परानिसें नेवाःतय्सं हनाः नयावःसां थौ कन्हय् गुलिंसिया योमरि दय्काच्वने थाकु धकाः कु पूजा याय्त मरि पसले वनाः मरि न्यानाहयाः पूजा यानाधकाः धाइपिं नं दय्धुंकला थुकिं यानाः न्हापांनिसे न्ह्यानावयाच्वंगु भीगु संस्कृति न्हनावनी धकाः ग्याय् माले धुंकला उकिं भीसं थजागु संस्कृतियात म्वाकाः भीगु नखः हनाच्वने फय्मा धकाः कामना याय्।



Know Our Culture: Gumlaa

By Omkareshwor Shrestha[1]

Abstract

This paper focuses on the month of Gumlaa, the tenth month in the lunar calendar of Nepal Era. Gunhupunhi is the name of a full moon in the month of July. It is a month of visiting the hill. People enjoy visiting shrines early in the morning which makes them fresh and healthy. This is the way of teaching spiritual and physical knowledge to the local people.

1.0 Background

Nepal Era consists of 12 months in a year. It is based on the lunar calendar which consists of 354 days in a year. The names of the months consist of two syllables, in which the last syllable laa stands for month. The paradigm of months in the Nepal Era, Vikramabda and Gregorian calendar are presented, in Table 1

Table 1: The paradigm of months in the Nepal Era.

Month	Vikramabda	Gregorian
Kachh-laa	Kattik-Mansir	October
Thim-laa	Mangsir-Push	November
Pohe-laa	Push-Magh	December
Si-laa	Magh-Fagun	January
Chi-laa	Fagun-Chait	February
Chau-laa	Chait-Baisaakh	March
Bach-laa	Baisaakh-Jeth	April
Tacha-laa	Jeth-Asaar	May
Dim-laa	Asaar-Saaun	June
Gum-laa	Saraun-Bhadau	July
Yam-laa	Bhadau-Asoj	August
Kau-laa	Asoj-Kaattik	September
Ana-laa	Purushottam mash	Intercaly

The months of the Nepal Era ends on the day of new moon (amaantak), whereas the Vikrambda ends on full moon (Purnimaantak). The full moon is considered as the most auspicious day in the calendar. We, here, focus on Gunupunhi of Gumlaapunhi. Gunhupunhi is the name of a full moon in the month of July. Gum' 'forest' - nhu 'stepping' - pu 'full' - nhi 'day', a four syllabic word conveys the meaning day of stepping down in a forest or hill. In other words, it is a month of visiting the hill or forest.

1.1 Introduction

Gumlaa is a name of the tenth month in the Nepal Era, a lunar calendar colloquially known as Nepal Samvat. The combination of two words gum 'forest' - laa 'month', serves the meaning for the month of visiting in a hill or forest. With special reference to the Newar Buddhists of Kathmandu, it is the month of visiting the Swoyambhunath, located, three kilometers west to Ason, the core area of Kathmandu. To other Newar Buddhist, it is the month of visiting Buddhist shrines. In this month, Wednesdays are special days for Newar Buddhists of Patan and its periphery, especially at Bade-gaam[2]. On Wednesdays, they especially visit the temples (stupas) of Buddha, hence the name of the god is Budhwaah duo: 'the God worshipped on Wednesdays'.

1.2 Why they celebrate?

Kathmandu valley is densely populated by the farmer community, locally known as jyaapu. They engage in paddy plantation, which is carried out in the month of May and June dim-laa. Paddy is the main crop in the valley as a cash crop as well as consuming crop. This is a time to relax for them. So theu enjoy by visiting shrines early in the morning. This makes them fresh and healthy. This is the way of teaching spiritual and physical knowledge to the local people.

1.3 What they consume?

On the full moon day of Gumlaa, the main dietary is kwaati, 'pulse soup'. Kwaa 'pulse' ti 'soup' of beans like i) Pie, 2) Kidney bean, 3) Red pulse (pam mae), 4) Soya, 5) Mung, 7) Pulse, 8) Bhuti, and 9) Masyaang. The soup is served with wheat bread.

The nutrients of the main course diet are protein, fat. carbohydrate, mineral and beverages. These beans' soup provides ahigh dose of protein. Protein enhances immunity power. The beans soup (kwaati) serves as a power tank to the people after the cultivation (Sinaajyaa).

These beans are of nine types. In Shamkhyaa Darshan- the philosophy of numbers, number nine has the highest value, which symbolizes the full-fledged development of one's prosperity. Sometimes people mistakenly interpret Gumlaa as the ninth month. (See Table 1 for confirmation). Bhaktapurian Newars take bath for nine times in east faced stone conduit. At the same time, they put on nine pairs of cloths, turn by turn on that day. In Bhaktapur palace, the royal cow festival (laaeku: sayaa:) starts on Gunhu punhi. This is a series of festivals, which commences on full moon (punhi) and concludes on the ninth day of bright phase of Bhadau (Bhadra Shukla Navami). Generally the Newars believe this is the platform of number nine, the largest single-digit number.

1.4 Why Janai 'Preventive binding'

The sacred thread band is accepted by the authoritive host (taagaadhaari yajmaan) on the morning of the full moon day morning. The process is called preventive binding, colloquially jona chiigu in Newar and Rakshyaa bandhan in Sanskrit.



The taagaadhaaris of Newars (Amatya, Gurvacharya, Joshi, Karmacharya, Malla, Pradhan, and Rajopadhyaya) receive the sacred thread. The rest of the Newars receive jonaa (preventive band). It is made up of a thread coloured with turmeric (halu:) joined with package of preventive measures (gunu pucah). This package consists of 1) Mustard seed (i:ka), 2) Roy seed (pa:ka), 3) unbroken Rice (aakhe), 4) apamarga, and 5) babhu:swan. The jona and janai are different things but their purpose and philosophy are the same. Janai is the thread spindled with six strands of thread, which is worn around the neck as a garland in a cross hand position. It is used in each of the auspicious performances.

Rakshyaa means protection, which is done by Gunhupuchah that consists of six items that represent six dimensions (shathaaayatan). Gunhupuchah consists of herbs (turmeric, apaamaarga, and babhuu swaan) and cereal and oil products (Mustard seed, Roy seed, unbroken Rice), which protects human body from foreign bodies. Turmeric is considered as anti cancer drug. The band which protects the bearer is protective band (Rakshya bandhan).

1.5 Byaan jaa nakegu - 'feeding a frog'

In Kathmandu valley, except Brahmin-Kshetris, offered the dishes to the frogs in the field on Gumlaapunhi. Frogs are the prey and predators. The snakes - frogs - scorpions are major components, which depend on each other. Snakes eat the frogs, frogs eat the scorpion and scorpions eat the snake. Thus the ecological power balance remains. The snake lives in a hole and they pass through the passage, which works as an intraterritorial canal for water supply. Without water supply the paddy cultivation is not possible. This is possible because of a frog on which a snake relies on. A frog saves a farmer as an insect eater and being a prey of a snake. In both ways, a frog protects a farmer. As a recognition of these virtues of a frog, a farmer feeds the frog on the day of the full moon day of Gumlaa.

1.6 Pilgrimage to Silu Tirtha

Silu Tirtha is a shrine located in the lap of Mount Ganesha colloquially Gosaainkunda or Gosaainthaan. Literally Shiva 'Shiva, the god of destroyer', lu: 'appear' and tirtha 'Shrine' or the shrine where the God Shiva appears. Gosaain 'shiva', kunda 'lake', and thaan 'abode'. I, irrespective of language, these three names provide the same meaning,- Shiva's abode or shrine.

Shiva is the symbol of welfare 'kalyaan' of the people. Shiva-lu:means appearance of welfare. If an individual is physically and psychologically fit, s/he will be gifted by almighty God. It is a shrine from where the river Trishuli originated. It is located above 14000 feet, from where the Himalayan belt starts. The people of Kathmandu valley visit Silu Tirtha in the month of July. This is 24 Kilometers



nautical distance. The journey of Silu is full of adventures, which broadens the knowledge, attitude and practice of an individual. This makes one's life better in terms of livelihood, which is Shiva (kalyaan). Thus the journey of Silu Tirtha turns into raising of welfare (Shiva luu) in the real sense. To this journey a song of Silu (Silu mye) is associated. This is a tragic song full of melancholy in lyrics and tune. The tune is based on the terrains of the route to Silu. The route of journey is along the River Trishuli amidst the valley of tall and stiff rifts. The echo of the river and tune of the song coincides at many times. One can realize the pain of journey as well as pathetic aspiration of the protagonist in the song.

1.7 Conclusion

Gunhupunhi is the name of a full moon in the month of July, in which the people enjoy visiting the hill or forest.

The beans soup (kwaati) revives their immunity, which they lose during the cultivation. Generally the Newars believe Gumlaa is the coordinating point of number nine, the largest number in the single digit.

The Newars receive jonaa, made up of thread coloured with turmeric and attached with a package of gunu pucah. Turmeric is considered as anticancer drug. The band which protects the bearer is protective band (Rakshyaa bandhan).

A frog saves a farmer as an insect eater and being a prey of a snake. In both ways a frog protects a farmer. As the recognition of these virtues of a frog, a farmer feeds a frog on the day of the full moon day of Gumlaa. The journey of Silu is full of adventures, which broadens the knowledge, attitude and practice of an individual.

[1] The author is a Ph.D in Linguistics and an Associate Professor at Central Department of Nepalbhasha, Tribhuvan University, Nepal. Mahaju can be accessed at omkarmahaju@yahoo.co.in.

[2] Badegaam is a village near Godavaari, where the botanical garden is located. Bade means Shakya, the ancestors of lord Buddha, and Gaam means village of hamlet. It is assumed that previously this village was inhabited by the Shakyas only. Hence the name of the village is Bandegraam in Sanskrit, which later got converted into Baadegaam.





Happy New Year Nepal Samvat 1133

Bhupendra
Shrestha

and family,
London

न्हू दँया भितुना! नेपाल संवत् १९३३

Happy New Year Nepal Samvat 1133

Arjun Pradhan and family, London



न्हू दँया भितुना! नेपाल संवत् १९३३

Happy New Year Nepal Samvat 1133 Estd 2000

Bijay Bajracharya and family, London

















Global Newah News

This feature is the courtesy of www.nepalmandal.com, the foremost in delivering instant news related Newah activites and issues from around the world.

In this section, we present the most remarkable events and activities from last one year in appreciation of every step that was taken in the direction of preserving Newah culture and heritage.

Oct 27, 2011 In an event organised by Shamkhadhar Shakhwa Academy to pay respect to the statue of Shamkhadhar Shakhwa at Madhuapur Thimi, Prime minister Bhattarai said Nepal Samvat is not only the era of Newars but also that of all Nepalese people because it is original and national era of Nepal.



मध्यप्र थिमिइ शंखधर साख्वःया भवातालय् स्वां देछाय्त शंखधर साख्वाः प्रतिष्ठानं ग्वसा:ग्व:ग ज्याभवलय् प्रधानमन्त्री भट्टराईं नेपाल संवत् नेपा:या मौलिक व राष्टिय संवत जगिलं ध्व नेवा:तय जक मखु फुक्कं नेपा:मितय हे संवत जग धयादिल।

On the occasion of Nepal Samvat new year 1132, Prime minister Baburam Bhattarai addresses the masses present at Kathmandu's ChakanDaboo in Nepalbhasha. This makes him the first Prime minister to address in Nepalbhasha in democratic Nepal.



नेपाल संवत् न्हूदं ११३२या लसताय यँया चकंदब्लिइ जुग् ज्याभवलय् प्रधानमन्त्री डा. बाब्राम भट्टराई नेवा: भासं सम्बोधन यानादीग् द्। सम्भवतः नेपालय प्रजातन्त्र वयेधंकाः सं नं प्रधानमन्त्रीं खस नेपाली बाहेकया नेपा:या हे मेगू भासं सार्वजनिक ज्याभवलय सम्बो धन यानादीग् थ्वहे न्हापांग् खसिइ खः।

Oct 31, 2011 Dr. Bal Gopal Shrestha, one of those who have been active in the preservation of Nepalbhasha for a long time, has been unanimously elected as the president of World Newah Organization.



ताः ई न्ह्यःनिसें नेपालभाषा ख्यलय सिक्य जयाच्वनादीम्ह डा. बालगोपाल श्रेष्ठ विश्व नेवाः संगठनया नायः पदय् सर्वसम्मतिं ल्यःग् द्।



Nov 4, 2011 Following the recent conclusion of First World Newah Convention in London, it's London Declaration has been issued including various Newah subject matters.



नकतिनि लण्डनय् क्वचा:ग् न्हापांग् हलिं नेवाः तःम्ज्या थीथी नेवाः विषयवस्त् क:घानाः लण्डन घोषणा जारी या:गुद्।

Nov 22, 2011 On the occasion of the government of Nepal's decision to use Nepal Samvat in Nepal government's calendar, Nepalese Amassador to the USA Dr. Sharma expressed his wish to organize an event to reflect Newar culture in association with US-based Newah organization. He mentioned this at Nepal Samvat 1132 celebration organized by Newah Organization of America.



सं.रा. अमेरिकाया लागि ने पा:या राजद्त महामहिम डा. शर्मां नेपा:या सरकारी क्याले न्डरय नेपाल सम्बतयात छयले गु धकाः नेपाल सरकारं निर्णय या:गु लसताय् अमेरिकाया ने वाः संस्थालिसे जानाः अमेरि काय् नेवाः संस्कृति पिब्वइगु ज्याभवः यायेत इच्छुक जूग् खँ कनादिल। नेवाः अर्गनाईजेशन अफ अमेरिकाया ग्वसालय संचवाः नेपाल सम्बत ११३२ हने ज्याभवः या उलेज्या याना दिसें थुग् खँ कनादीग् खः।

Dec 10, 2011 8th National Jyapoo Day was celebrated by Jyapoo community with various cultural procession, rally and convention.



च्याक्व:ग् राष्ट्रिय ज्याप् दिवस संचवा: ज्याप सम्दायं थीथी सांस्कृतिक भगाँकी सहितया ऱ्याली व सभा यानाः हन।

Dec 24, 2011 Pasa Puchah Guthi UK has been awarded Shamkhadhar Sirpa (award) amidst an event organized at Nepalbhasha Academy.



पासा पुच: गुथि यूकेयात थौं नेपालभाषा एकेदमिइ जूग् छग् ज्याभवःया दथ्इ शंखधर सिरपाः लःल्हात।



Mar 25, 2012 Newah Organization of America's Seattle chapter elected it's first executive committee in which SubhashRam Prajapati was unanimously elected as the president.



नेवाः अर्गनाइजेशन अफ अमेरिका सियाटल च्याप्टरया थौं न्हापांगु ज्यासना पुच:या ल्यज्या जुगु द्। सियाटलयु ज्ग् नेवा:तय्गु मुनां भाजु सुभाषराम प्रजापतियात सर्वसम्मतं नायः ल्यःग् द्।

Feb 2, 2012 The government of Sikkim has recognized Indra Jatra, the greatest festival of Newars, as one of the national festivals with the declaration of govenrment holiday in Sikkim from the next uear.



नेवाःतय् तःजिगु नखः ये या:यात सिक्किमय सर कारी मान्यता ब्यूग् द्। सिक्किम सरकारं येँया:यात सिक्किमया छग् राष्ट्रिय नखः घोषणा याःग् द्सा वइग् दॅय्निसें येँया:ख्न्ह् सिक्किम न्यंक सरकारी बिदा बिइग् घोषणा नं या:ग् द्।

Jul 31, 2012 DevDas Manandhar, Samir Vajracharya and Vishnu Chitrakar who have been working at the uncode system of Nepal script for a long time, have applied or a symbol number. When completed, this sytem can enable typing in Nepal script in computers.



तःदं न्ह्यः निसं नेपाल लिपियात युनिकोडय् द्थ्याकेत भाज् देवदास मानन्धर, समिर कर्माचार्य व बिष्ण् चित्रकार लगेज्याच्वंग् खः। वय्कःपिनिग् हे कुतलं नेपाललिपि नामं य्नोकोडया आखःधलः खय द्थ्याकेत व युनिकोडया आखःल्याचिं (सिम्बल नम्बर) कायेत ज्यापौ न्ह्यब्वयेग् ज्या जूगु द्।

Jul 7, 2012 One of the many delicacies directly related to Newah culture is LakhaMari. We may not have realized in depth how it should be, how to prepare it and what is it's relevance to Newah culture but neighbouring country India's state of Sikkim has started understanding it's importance and preparation under the guidance of GaneshRam Lachhi.



नेवाः तजिलजिलिसे तप्यंक हे स्वापू दुगु थीथी परि कार मध्ये लाखामरि नं छता: खः। थुग् लाखामरी गजाःग् ज्इ व गुकथं दयेकेगु अले थ्व लाखामरिया महत्व ने वाः तजिलजि गुकथं द शायद भीसं थुकियात उलि दुग्यंक वाः चायेका च्वनागु मदु जुइ। तर जःलाखःला देयु भारतया सिक्किमय् धाःसा थ्व लाखामरि या महत्वयात हे थुइका अन च्वंपिं थःपिंसं हे दयेकेगु कृतः यात। थ्कियात ग्वाहालि यानादिल भाज् गणेशराम लाछिं।



Jun 23, 2012 Newah Organization of America successfully conducted a group Kueta Puja.



नेवाः अर्गनाइजेशन अफ अमेरिकाया ग्वसालय थ्वहे जूनया २३ तारिखय् मंकाः कय्तापुजा ज्याभवः क्वचाल।

Aug 4, 2012 In order to preserve the original musical instruments of the indegenous inhabitants of Kathmandu, the Newars, 175 musicians organized a Newah orchestra on Saturday 4th August 2012.



नेपाः देय्या आदिवासी नेवा:तय्ग् मौलिक बाजं संरक्षण याना थ्किया प्रचार प्रसार यायेग् तात्नां सनिवाः स्वयम्भुइ सच्छि व ७५ महोसिन छथाय च्वना थीथी नीन्याथी बाजं थाना नेवाः अर्केष्टा न्ह्यब्वल।

Jan 7, 2012 Miss Rashmita Nakarmi was crowned Miss Newah Pokhara 1132 at the Conference hall, Pokhara.

पोखराया सभाभवनय जग मिस नेवा: पोखरा ज्याभवलं रश्मिता नकर्मीयात मिस नेवाः पोखरा ११३२ घोषणा

या:गु दु। Jun 17, 2012 Miss Sabina Maharian was crowned the first

न्हापांगु खुसिइ जूगु मिस ज्यापु २०१२ या ताज मय्जु सविना महर्जनं त्याकेत ताःलाःग् द्।

Miss Jyapoo 2012.





Dec 31, 2011 Miss Sunita Dangol was crowned Miss Newah 2011.

थौं सनिलय् जूग् मिस नेवाः कासां सुनिता डंगोल मिस नेवाः २०११ घोषित जुग् द्।





Feb 27, 2012 Ashishma Nakami was declared 2nd runner up in the Fun Asia Contest held in Texas, USA.

टेक्ससय् जूगु फन एशिया आशिष्मा नक:मिं नेपा:या प्रतिनिधित्व यासें सेकेण्ड रनर अपया उपाधि त्याकूगु दु।



Feb 3, 2012 Nepal Samvat's initiator Samkhadhar Shakhwa's statue was inaugurated at Tansen, Papa, by Newah Dey Daboo's president Naresh Tamrakar.



पाल्पाया तानसेनय नेपाल संवतया प्रवद्धक शंखधर साख्वा:या भवाता उले ज्या जुल। पाल्पाया थीथी स्थानीय नेवाः खल प्चःया सबरियताय् दयेकूग् उग् भवाताया उलेज्या नेवाः देय् दब्या नाय: नरेश ताम्राकारं यानादीग् खः।

Feb 25, 2012 Once-in-five-years Samyak Offering concluded today in Patan.



न्यादय छक्वः याइग् इतिल्हने सम्यक महादान यलय् क्वचाल।

Apr 27, 2012 At an event organized by Central Department of Nepalbhasha, T.U. Vice-Chancellor Prof Dr HiraBahadur Maharjan inaugurated "Ira Gauri Hall" for Newah Cultural Museum.



नेपालभाषा केन्द्रीय विभ(ागया ग्वसालय् श्कवा: छग् ज्याभवःया दथ्इ नेवाः साँस्कृतिक संग्रहालय तये गु लागि त्रविया उपकुलपति पा. डा. हिराबहाद्र महर्जनं "इरा गौरी कक्ष"या उिलेज्या यानादील।

May 16, 2012 Nepalbhasha Council's "Chittadhar Sirpa (award)" was awarded to Ujjyalo FM's Nepalbhasha program "Lahanaa" while the famous Buddhist Scholar Dunda Bahadur Vajracharya was conferrred this year's "BhashaThuwa" title.



नेपालभाषा परिषद ल:ल्हाइग् "चित्तधर सिरपाः" ब्धवाः छग् ज्याभव:या दथ्इ उज्यालो एफ एमया नेपालभाषा ज्याभवः "लहना" यात ल:ल्हात। अथेहे नांजा:म्ह बौद्ध विद्वान दुण्ड बहादुर बज्राचार्ययात थ्गसिया "भाषाथुवाः" उपाधि लःल्हानाः हंग् द्।



Aug 11, 2012 Miss Nepal USA 2012 title was won by 18 yrs old Astha Shrestha form Maryland among 27 other contestants from various states in the USA. In the contest, 23 urs old Nurja Shrestha was the 1st runner up while 18 yrs old Ashma Dhakal was the 2nd runner up.



थुगु दया मिस नेपाल युएस (ए) २०१२ या उपाधि मे रिल्याण्डया १८ दंया आस्था श्रेष्ठं त्याकृग् द्। भजिनियाय थ्व शनिवाः जुग् ब्यूटि प्याजेन्टय् म्कक २७ मिसातयत लिपयानां आस्थां उग् ताज का:ग् ख:। उग् कासाय फर्स्ट रनर अपया उपाधि टेक्ससया २३ दँया नर्जा श्रेष्ठ व सेकेन्ड रनर अप न्ययोर्कया १८ दँया आश्मा ढकालं त्याकल। अमे रिकाया थीथी राज्य व शहरं ल्य:पिं २८ प्रतिष्पर्धी मध्ये उत्कृष्ट १० पाखें थुगु ल्यज्या जुग् ख:।

Aug 20, 2012 Under the organization of Newah activist Narendra Bhakta Hada, Nepal secretariat of World Newah Organization has been formed.



नेवाः न्ह्यलुवाः नरेन्द्रभक्त हाडाया संयोजक्वतय विश्व नेवा: संगठन - हलिं नेवा: दब (डब्लएनओ)या नेपा: सचिवालय नीस्वंग् द्।

Aug 24, 2012 Miss Sushmita Prajapati from NayaBazaar, Kathmandu, won the title of Miss Little Newah

In the event, Lazimpats Lumana Maharjan was the 1st runner up while Anisha Khadgi was the 2nd runner up.



मिस लिटिल नेवा: २०१२ या ताज येँया नयाँबजाय च्वयादीम्ह मय्ज् स्स्मिता प्रजापतिं त्याकग द। लाजिम्पाटया ल्मना महर्जनं फस्ट रनरअपया ताज अथेहे अनिषा खड्गीं सेकेण्ड रनर अपया ताज त्याक्ग् द्।

To keep yourself up-to-date with Newah news, please visit: www.nepalmandal.com.

नेपालमण्डल . कम

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Newah Literature

का

सुनिता जुनु राजभण्डारी

देशं पिहाँ वयागु नं द्वंबद्वं नीदं दय्धुंकल, बच्छि जीवन वने धुंकल, आः मेगु छु न्हूगु सोचे याय्प्रग् अवस्था नं मदय् गुलि नं दु बस् जिगु वर्तमान दु छग् खायूग् यथार्थ अलय् ग्बले हे पूमवनीग् छग् म्हंगस... न्ह्याक्व हे बिदेशय् च्वना ब्वना, ज्या याना कमय् याना, थः कलाः, मस्त पुरुक्वं जि नापं हे दुसां जिवेत छुमदु छुमदु थें... स्वसा छु मदु? सकतां दु, थ: परिवार, नापनापं छें दु, गाडी दु, धेबा दु, पासाभाईपि अलय् थम्हेसियां धाइथें या:गु ज्या, व नं मेपिन्थाय् देशय् सरकारी स्तरया, आः उलि सिबं अप्पो जित छ माल मख्ला? अयेनं छु मगाः छु मगाः थें, न्ह्याक्व दुसां मगोः अलय् न्ह्याक्व हे मद्मद् मगा:मगा: हालाच्वंसां ज्या खँन्हयाना हे च्वंग्दइ। छखें ला हाकनं अङेजी धाप् स्वयेग् खःसा "Where there is will, there is a way" धाइ, मालीबलय् न्ह्याक्व हे मद्सां थ:यात मा:ग् ज्या खँ पूवना हे च्वनी। खँय भायया छपू धापू स्वयेगु ख:सा नं "आउँछ पूर्छ तर्छ्" धकाः धाइ। हाकनं अथे "आउँछ पर्छ तर्छ" का धका: स्म्क जक च्वना नं ज्या खँ जुइ मखुनि मखुला। स्वया माला वनेगु ख:सा थन यक्व ज्ञानगुणया खॅ व दर्शनत द्ग् ग्रन्थ सपूरत व धापूत यक्व द्। वहे कथं भरीत भरी आज्पिन्सं सांसारिक दर्शन यक्व खॅत संस्कार व संस्कृति रुपय् दय्का ल: ल्हाल्हा वंग् द्। तर छु याये "धायेबलय् अ:पू धरग्वारा त:पू" धाइथें का। आः न्ह्यागु हे धाय्ब्यु, न्ह्यागु जुइब्यु, देशं पिने वना थःगु जीवन अन् हे नीदँ नीदँ मच्छि पुरका

आ: वया थ: मां बा ब्राब्री जूग् तायेका थ:ग् दे



शय् लिहाँ वनेमास्ति व:सां आः छुं हे लॅपु मदये ध्कल। बामय् मकाला आः जि? न जि जिगुथःगु देशय लिहाँवने फत, न जि थन मेपिनेग् देशय् च्वना म्वाय् फता हरे! थ्व गज्याग् बिदम्बना। न जि पूर्णरुपं नेवा: जुइफत नं जि थन च्वम्ह नागरिक…अर्थे न्हंनावनाच्वन जिग् अस्तित्व, जिग् पहिचान... आः ला जि सु धकाः जिगु किचलिसे न्यंन धाःसां, जिगु किचलं हे जित म्ह मस्यू धकाः धायेत बेर मदये ध्कल। जिं थ:यात मालेग् भवलय् थ: यात हे तंकाच्वनाम्ह जिं आ: जिवेर जिग् म्हसीका फ्वंसा, जिं हे जित म्ह मस्यू धाय्त बेर मदय् ध्ंकल। आ जि छुयाय्? आ:तक जिं गुलि नं याना दक्वं जि, जि कला: व जि मस्तय्या नितिं याना। खः म्हिगः, जित जिमि मां बा न जिगु नितिं यात। आः वयाः जिं जिमि काय्यात याना, अर्थ हे व नं वया काय्यात याइतिनि। मां बा नं थः काय् म्ह्याय्यात याइ अलय् उमिसं नं वया काय् म्ह्यायपिन्त। खः दुनिया हे थथे हे याना न्ह्याना च्वंगु दु। थुकिइ सुयागु नं दोष मृदु छायू धाःसा थ्व छगु प्राकृतिक व सांसारिक निति नियम ख:। उिकं थुकिइ छुं न दु:ख तायेके म्वा:। थ्व छग्रस्वयेबलय् नित्य थें खनेद्ग् अनित्य संसार खः ग्किइ भी मचायेकं हे तनाच्वीन। अलय् थः न्ह्याथाय् च्वंसा थःयात पूर्णरुपं तंके फुसा जक जीवन सुथां ला थें जुइ नत्रसा जीवन छ छ का ग्व:?

बिते याना च्वनाम्ह जि,



Newah Literature

गजल



ईश्वरीमैयाँ श्रेष्ठ

थःत थम्हं हे क्वपालाः थःहे घाःपाः जुम्ह जि स्जिकानं कापः चानाः ल्यंग् चाःपाः जेम्ह जि।

गुलि ह्येकाः थ्व न्गःचित ह्येकां ह्येके मफ्त हुलम्लय् स्ंक च्वनान हुलंहे दा:पा: जुम्ह जि।

स्वइगुं मदु द्वपं थन नुगः जिगु भी बानावंगुलि मेबले ल्वःमंसां चुनावय् तिकीगु ल्हाःपाः जूम्ह जि।

थ:ग् ल्हातय् मद् नुगः धयां तुतियानं वहे ताल सतीके धकाः वनां च्वनानं लकसं तापाः जूम्ह जि।

स्यातिक हे ख्विब वइग् खः मिखाया छ द्वपं न्गः पम्हया बाःवःग् ख्वबिं पुगु ख्वाःपा जुम्ह जि।

जन्म जिग् छग् भूल खयानं सिनावने मफ् फयाका:गुँख: जिग् ल्हापा: लिनावने मफ्।

गति खः जीवन न्हयानात् वनेमा मसीतले गतिवान ईया धालय याक:चा दिनावने मफ्।

याकः जीवनय् पासा छम्ह दःसा बांलाःग् खः प्रकृतिया कानुन खःसा थःत चिनाच्वने मफ्।

थौंया शदी न्हूगु विचाः कः घाना म्वाय्धयां म्हिगःया लिच्वलं थौंयात हिनाच्वने मफ्।

स्थ ज्ल निभाः त्वल छचाखेरं जः खल जःया दथ्वी दना थःत जलं किनाच्वने मफ्।



ज्ञानी शोभा तुलाधर

म्हासुग् व स्याउला हलं स्व रे, लँ पतिं नायुग् देलासा हाइ रे, न्हु दँ भाः भाः धायेक वयाच्वन, जिगु व म्ह पुजा स्वन्ति नखःलय्,

सकतां ज्वलं ताःलाके मजुसां का रे, लसक्स यानाच्वना जिग् न्ह दँ, ख्विब व न्हिलाया दिन्न मन्दलय, जिग् नेपाः दे भाललल ल्याच्वन ।



भी नेवाः



कृष्ण शरण चख्रं

नेवाः छग् जाति मख् थ्व ला छेगू राष्ट्र स्व

थ्व राष्ट्रया दुने भीपिं सकलें दुथ्यागु स्व

जीवन मरण या निंतिं मागु फ्किक भिके दुने हे व्याग्स्व

यैपुसे च्वंगु कला संस्कृतीं भीग ध्कू जाग् स्व

तर थौं अस्तित्व भीग् ग्यानाप्ग् स्थिती लावंग् स्व

भीगु धुकू मिया नया भीत है पितने त्यंग् स्व

भीग् सः पिमज्वेकेत गपते सोतिपायं च्यूग्

ख्वाः छपातीं रंग छवाका भीग् म्हसिका ह्त्यंग् स्व

मजिल आ संक च्वने मजिल छिध छप्प जुइ माल स्व

भीग् थाय् बाय् भीग् भाय् कला व संस्कृति ब्वलंकेत स्व

हलिमय् न्यंक भीग् सः थ्वेका थ:ग् म्हसिका म्वाकातये स्व

थी थी जाति वा थी थी राष्ट्रया दथुइ भीग् ध्वायं न ब्वेकातये स्व

जितः ल्मम्ह महाकवि गिरिजा प्रसाद जोशी



श्रीलक्ष्मी श्रेष्ठ

येँया पुन्हिया कन्हे कुन्हु ने.स. ११०७ इ.स. सेप्टेम्बर ८, १९८७ (वि.स. २०४४ भाद २३ गते) मंगलबार या खाँ। तसकं म्हं मपुग्म्ह माजु बिचाः याना जि वीर अस्पतालया क्याबिन कोथाय् च्वंच्वनाग्। सुथय् बालगोपालज् ख्वाः ख्युंक तयाः तसकं नुगः मिछिका थ्यंक भाल । छ ज्ल धकाः

"िम्हिगः बहनि महाराजगंज टिचिङ्ग अस्पतालय् गिरिजा दाइ मन्त हँ। उिकं जि सनां वने त्यनाग्, वना वये" धका: धया त्रुन्त हे ब्वाये भाल। सनां ला जि नं वने मा:गु खः तर सिना वने धुंकुम्हे सिया सन्। वनेगु स्वया जीवन मरणया किचलय् मृत्यू लिसें ल्वाना च्वंम्ह माजुयात बाँलाक बिचाः याना म्वाकेमा:, बल्लाका छेँय् लित यंकेमा: धइगु जिगु बिचालं जित: पन। खास २०४४ भाद्र २ गतेँ मंगलबार इ.स. अगस्ट १८, १९८७ कुन्हु चले जुयाच्वंगु कलघरया पतारयाक्वय् वनाः छ्वकमना नवनेत्यं म्ह खायात ख्याना छ्वयाः म्वाकेत स्वतले थ:गु सँ जक मखु सँ नापंया छ्यंगु पाता थ्यंक हे कलघरया पतारय् बेरे ज्इका आक्सिडेन्ट ज्म्ह, लासाय जक ग्वतुका बिचाः यायेमाम्ह माजु। घाःपालं सरबत कोंय् नापं गःपः व म्ह स्वाना च्वंथाय् पयाक्चर जुया ल्हाः तुति जक मखु पतिं छपति तक हे मसं। छपाः न्हाय्पया च्वका न कलघरं हे साला यंकुगु जक मखु हिं जागुलिं मिखां तक्क नं बांलाक मछ। ४८ दँ या चिहाक:ग् जीवन म्वाना नं काव्य,

महाकाव्य, प्याखँ, उपन्यास, म्ये आदि थी थी विधाया ७५ गुलिं मयाक संपूरत च्वयाः नेपाल भाषा साहित्य धुकू जायेका भाःमह महाकवि गिरिजा प्रसाद्या उबलय् तकया दुने जिं तःगू हे सप्रत ब्वने ध्ंग् ख:। वयक: मद्ग् खँ न्यना माज्यात बिचाः याना च्वच्वं गबलें वयकःया सपूरत लुमना वलसा गबलें वयक: लिसें म्हसिकाबलय्या खं जिग् न्गलय् सल्लललं बा वया च्वन। खं वि.स. २०३८ (सन १९८१) साल पाखें खः। शंकर देव क्याम्पसं न्यायेक्ग् भिनंच्याक्वःग् अन्तर क्याम्पस नेपाल भाषा साहित्य म्ज्या सिंधयेका छपुच: म्हस्यूपिं म्हमस्यूपिं मुना बुलुहुँ लिहाँ वया

च्वनागु। खँ ल्हाल्हां हाकुंगु तपुलि पुना, कोतं

फिना, पाइत न्ह्याना त:म्ह छम्हेस्यां जित: थ:ग्



म्हसिका बिया दिल। "जि गिरिजा! जिग् छैँय् सक्वय्! थौंकन्हे जि स्कूलय् आखः ब्वंका च्वनाग्। छि च्वयादिग् च्वखँ साप बाँला। ब्वनादिगु नं तसकं बाँला। थथे हे च्वयेग् याना दिसँ" धको: धया दिला ख्वा: स्वया। जि मुसुक्के न्हिला। सिरपा ला:ग् छप्पं सपूर ल्हातिइ ज्वना वयाच्वनाग् नापं ल्होना ज्वज्वलपा याना।

''थौंकन्हय्ँ छु याना च्वनागु, ज्या छु?'' धकाः न्यना

''जि ब्वना च्वनाग् तिनि। हानं छेँय् ज्यां मलागुलि पिहाँ वनाः ज्या या वनेत ई मदु" धेकाः धया। जिं थथे धायेकं नं हानं वयकलं न्यना दिल। "ब्वंकेग् ज्या मयः ला?"

"यः" धकाः जिं धया।

''छि थें जा:पिं मनूत जिमिथाय् सक्वय् भायेमा:। ब्वंके न्ह्या:सा लाइबलय् जिमिथाय् स्कूलय् ब्वंक भाःसां ज्यू'' धकाः धया दिला

"ज्य, प्तर्सेतय वयेका" धकाः जि थःगु हे कथ चिहांकयेक लिस: बिया।

बसपार्कय् थ्यंका "थौं न्यंका दिगु थें बांबाँलाक च्वया दिसँ, जिमिथाय् सक्वय् भासँ खँ ला" धुकाः हाकनं दोहरे याना धया: वयक: बाया भाला जिपि नं न्ह्य न्ह्यं खँ ल्हा ल्हां रत्नपार्क पाखे स्वया लँ बाया वना।

जिमि काहिलिम्ह मलेजु माघया धल दना दिगुलि मांया पालं नकः भाः बलय् जिमि मामं जितः नं लिसे छक: सक्वय् ब्वना यंकादिगु द्। मलेज् च्वनादिग् कोथाय् थ्यंका भचा जायेवं मांया थम्हं यंकादिग् दक्वं भोलां लिकना मलेज्यात ब्यूग् बाहे क छुं लुमं मजु। साहिलाम्ह पाजुया काय्या भम्चा कायेत लस्वं वनेत ब्वना यंकु बलय गपायूहाक उसिंमुसिं दंक बसय् तया यंकल। अन थ्यंका न्हिने जिपिं प्रक्क मस्त नये पित्यात धकाः हालाग्लिं कान्छाम्ह पाज् पसः छग्लिइ बिस्कुट, चकलेट् न्याना नक्गु जक लुमं। जितः धाःसा सक्व धयाग् थाय् गन गन.....।

हानं लिपा छक: नेपाल रिसयन कल्चर सेन्टरय् ने पाल भाषाया छगू न्वचू ज्याभवः स्व वनागु। नेपाल भाषा ख्यलय् आपालं ज्या याना च्वनादीम्ह मन् लिसे जि फ्यतुना च्वनागु। न्वचु न्यना च्वंच्वं उम्ह मन्खं "व भ्वाथः गुकोत फिना, ह्वगंगु तपुलि पुना त:म्ह मन् म्हस्यूलां" धकाः हेपे यायेथे न्यन। थय्क ख्वोः स्वयो गिरिजा प्रसाद जोशीज्। जिं मताः छ्याना।

"वेँयतय्सं थें च्वइम्ह नेपाल भाषाया कवि व" धकाः हानं धाल।

खं न्यंन्यं जित: तच्वकं म्हाइप्से च्वनावल। तर छ्ं मधया। सुंक धा:गु न्यना च्वना। छुं हे लिस: मिबया। नेपाल भाषा धकाः हाला जुइपि मनूत छम्हं मे म्हासत म्वामदुगु खॅय् हेपे यायेथें क्खिना च्वंग् जिं थ:त मयोसां न्यना जक च्वना। जिं अयनं छुं ब्यक्त

मयाना। जित: धा:सा गिरिजा प्रसादया पहिरण, वयक:या बिचा:, वयकलं जित: म्हसिकेवं या:ग आत्मिय ब्यवहार व वयकलं च्वयाः तःग् थम्हं ब्वने धुंगु सपूरत लुमंल्मं १९ औं शताब्दीया अमेरिकायाम्ह छम्ह विद्धान च्विम व शिक्षाविद् अस्टिन पेत्रल्प्सं (1820-1890) च्वयात:ग् "भ्वाथ:गुकोत पयूतर न्हूगु संपूर् न्या" धा:गुभव: लुमना वल। थम्हं च्वयाथे ब्यवहारय् नं छ्यलिम्ह मन् ज्इमाः धकाः विश्वास दन।

वयां लिपा जि बालगोपालज् लिसें इहिपा याना वनाग् दंय् छकः सक्वय् इन्लात्वाःया गणेद्यःया न्ह्यो ने नापलात तर वयक: हथासं गनं भायेत्यंम्ह जूगुलिं ताहाक छुं खं ल्हायेमखं। वयकलं बालगोपालज्यात वयक:या छेंय् ब्वना वा धका: धयादिग् ख:। वयक: लिसे खँल्हाबल्हा ब्याकेगु तःधंगु इच्छा दुगु नं खः। तर नाप ला वने धाधां अत्थे जुल। छकल वयकः मन्त धाःग् खँ न्यने ध्ंका जिं वयकःयात ल्मंका। सीम्ह न्ह्योने थ्यंके मप्रसां अस्पतालय् हे च्वनासां मनं मनं श्रद्धांजली देच्छाना। सक्वय् इहिपा याना वसेलिं हानं हानं वयक:यात नापलाये दइग् जिग् मनोकांक्षा गबलें पुमवनीगु चायेका थः दुने घाना तयाग् न्गः ख्वयेका मौन धारणा याना।

दतले क्चा मन्तिक बिचा: धइथें म्वाना च्वंतले महाकवि गिरिजा प्रसाद जोशीयात नेपाल भाषा ख्यलय् उलि हनाबना त:ग् खनेमद्। तर थौं मदये धुंका जुसा वयकलं याना वंगु योगदानयात नेपाल भाषा ख्यलं वा:चायेकुगु तसकं बाँलागु ज्या जूगु दु। वयक: मदया वना नीन्यादँ लिपा नेवा: एफ एम रेडियों http://www.nepalmandal.com/ content/19055.html वयक:या ''विपात्र'', "सिलुस्वाँ" उपन्यासत पूर्वक प्रसारण यागु नं नेपालभाषा ख्यलय् छग् ऐतिहासिक ज्या जूग् द्। थ्वयां न्ह्यो नेपाल भाषाया छ नं उपन्यास पूर्वेक रेडियोय् थथे ब्वना न्यंकुगु मदुनि। उलि जक मख् पेत्रसब्क, पत्रपत्रिकाय् नं वयकःया ल्मन्तित पिदनां च्वंगु दु। थुगुसि ने. सं. ११३२ चिल्लागां वयक:या ७४ दं बुदिया लसताय् नेपाल भाषा साहित्य ख्यलं वयक:यात त:जिक हनेकथं म्ज्या याना नां दंपिं साहित्यकारज्पिसं वयकलं च्वयातइतखादीग् चिनाखँत ब्वना न्यंके ज्या जूग् नं मेग् ऐतिहासिक घटना जूग् द्। हानं अन पाठे जूग् चिनाखँत नेवा: एफ एम रेडियो प्रसारण यागु जक मखु इन्टरनेटय् नं उगु चिनाखॅत तयाः विश्व न्यंक हे न्यने दइग् याना ब्युगुलिं बहुप्रतिभाशाली महाकवि गिरिजा प्रसाद जोशी सिना नं धात्थें अमर ज्यावन धका: जिग् नुगः स्वकु थाहाँ व। पिदने मानिगु वयकःया ल्वहंमा महाकाव्य लिसें मेमेगु कृतित नं याकनं हे पिदनीगु भलसा कया: च्वना। महाकविया नामय् साहित्यिक प्रतिष्ठान नीस्वनेगु विषय सहलह ज्याच्वंग् बुखँ ब्वने दत। थ्व अभर् अप्वः लसताया खँज्ग् द्।











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Kids' Literature

The Climb to Ghandruk Village

Lasata Tuladhar

In the stifling heat of the sun, we see the top, With the long ascent ahead, and the valley we left behind, we climb on.

The fields are ever lasting, further than we can see. Regal amongst the pastures, stand the frozen mountains, looking proudly on.

Green steps of grass and stone, around the path, whilst on the dusty, amber road, which snakes to the summit, children play on,

The top seems distant still, we take a rest, with the gold, pink and orange, of the evening drawing nearer, we need to move on.

Though the climb was tiring, and the day long, when we reach the village, those thoughts and feelings, have all gone.

In the dusky night, we reach the top, With the long ascent behind, and the village behind, we walk on.

We see a house in the distance, it's cosy in the dark With the inviting lights in the windows, it's a place to stay for the night. We go in.

A warm and rich dinner, Fill us with delight, We fall asleep quickly, Because at morning light, the journey carries on.

At dawn we wake to darkness, Darker than the night but in the distance we can see, a peep of the morning, stealing in.

We walk through the sleepy village, Through the cobbled streets, Around the grazing animals. The sun now rises higher, Crawling on.





Kids' Activities Kites & Masks

PPGUK kids have been great participants of all Guthi events so far. Not only do they add unprecedented fun to annual Mha Puja, the annual Guthi picnic would never be the same without their active involvement. They smile and bring the same to everyone's face. They play games and their excitement is so contagious.

Like all previous years, they got involved in Guthi picnic this year as well by making and flying their own kites, and painting their own masks which were based on original mask designs popularly used in Bode jatra in Bode, Bhaktapur.

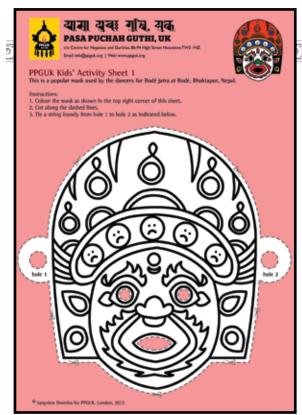
Thank you for joining ~

- [1] Lasata Tuladhar
- [2] Shrena Shrestha,
- [3] Shreya Shrestha,
- [4] Ruben Shakya,
- [5] Rupesh Shrestha,
- [6] Kritan Shrestha,
- [7] Muskan Shrestha
- [8] Jeevna,
- [9] Cecile Pradhan,
- [10] Sushma,
- [11] Sujana,
- [12] Simrika,
- [13] Eliza,
- [14] Shourya,
- [15] Alex,
- [16] Synetra,
- [17] Sameep,
- [18] Samrat,
- [19] Sanyojan.

You all are our future!

















Annual Picnic 2012 (NS 1132) Photo: Keshav Maharjan







In Memoriam Ishwar Manandhar





PPGUK's Memorial Service for Late Ishwar Manandhar

By Tina Tamrakar

Puchah Guthi UK (PPGUK) organized a memorial service for Late Ishwar Prasad Manandhar on 3rd March 2012. Many organisations had paid their respect to Late Ishwar Manandhar: a prominent figure in the Nepalese community and PPGUK gave a spiritual and serene commiseration. Approximately, 60 people attended the event held at London Buddhist Vihaara in Chiswick whereby the overall atmosphere had an essence of immense grief and entreaty for his soul to rest in peace.

The program commenced with a Welcome speech by PPGUK General Secretary Ojesh Sinah, who also led the service. Head Monk of the Buddhist Vihaara made the environment contemplate by chanting the sacred Panchasheel repeated by who were present.

PPGUK President Sachetan Tuladhar paid tribute to the deceased soul with flowers and candles. The family of Late Ishwar Manandhar were also urged to light candles and commemorate the departed head of the family. All of the guests had a chance to pray by each lighting a candle. Sachetan Tuladhar gave a brief overview of Late Mr Manadhar's lifetime deeds and highlighted the loss of an outstanding and guardian-like figure.

Expressing her condolence, Minister Counsellor for Nepalese Embassy in the UK, Ambika Devi Manandhar Luitel stated Late Ishwar Manandhar was very close to her and that he will be dearly missed. Beginning with PPGUK Past-President Arjun Pradhan's heart-touching speech, among those who expressed their heartfelt condolence were PPGUK President of the Board of Trustees (BOT) and Past-President Krishna Chakhun, Kumar Shrestha (BOT General Secretary), Shivaji Shrestha (Wales representative), and past General Secretary of PPGUK BOT, Keshav Shrestha.

Many guests also cherished their moments spent with the departed soul. These included: PPGUK founding members Shashi Manandhar, Balmukund Prasad Joshi, and Mahanta Shrestha, PPGUK advisor David Gellner, PPGUK Past Vice-President Pabitra Man Shakya, WNO president BalGopal Shrestha and publisher of 'Matina', Shashi Mahaju.

Towards the end of the service. Late Ishwar Manandhar's son, Binod Manandhar, expressed his gratitude to everyone present and particularly PPGUK for the immense support. The service concluded with a peaceful *Dham*ma talk from the head monk and offering of Daana (charity) to the vihaara. Ojesh Singh concluded the formal session by appreciating all of the supporters for their presence and support.

Lastly, at the end of the service, all guests were invited for lunch consisting of Kheer (rice pudding), vegetable, tea and juice.



सम्भनामा

मोहनमान श्रेष्ठ

- संयुक्त श्रेष्ठ

प्रकाशित: "नेपाली सन्देश" (वर्ष ८, अंक १८)

३१ जनवरी २०१२, लण्डन।



अगष्ट ३० तारिकका दिन मोहनजीलाई अस्पतालमा भर्ना गरिएको समाचार सुन्नेबित्तिकै गुिथका सदस्यहरूमा निर ाशा छायो। सबैले तथ्य कुरा थाहा पाउनकालागि आ-आफ्नो तर्फबाट सक्तो प्रयास गरे। ना-नाथिर रोगले पहिल्यै चापिर ाखेका मोहनजीलाई छाती दुखेर अस्पतालमा भर्ना गर्नुपरे को सुन्दा सबैले निकै द्:ख माने। केही दिनपछि सञ्चो भई घर फर्कन्भएको क्रा स्नेपछि हामीले सन्तोषको श्वास फे यौं। त्यस पछि मेनका दिदीसँग जिहले कुरा हुँदा पनि मेरो पहिलो प्रश्न शायद उहाँको बाबुको बारेमा नै हुनेगर्दथ्यो।



गुथिको सम्पर्कमा रहेका बुढापाकाहरूको वृहत् रूपमा अन्तर्वार्ता लिने र उनीहरूलाई थाहा भएका क्र ाहरूको टिपोट बनाएर राख्ने मेरो पुरानो ईच्छा भएता पनि ग्थिका अन्य अभिभाराहरूबाटै अवकाश मिलेको थिएन। लोकप्रीय हस्तीहरू र माननीयहरूलाई मञ्चमा बोल्न लगाउने प्रथाबाट उम्केर साधारण सदस्यहरूको दैनिक जीवनमा सकारात्मक प्रभाव पार्न तर्फ बेलायतस्थित नेपाली संघ-संस्थाहरूको ध्यान कहिले केन्द्रित होला?

नोभेम्बर १४ को साँभ मोहनजी सपरिवार नेपाल जानुहुँदै थियो। धेरै पहिलेदेखि उहाँको पालाका कुराहरू सुन्ने रहर नमरेरै होला म पनि बिदाइको निह पारी विमानस्थलमा टुप्लुक्क पुगें। त्यस दिन न कुनै औपचारिक कार्यक्रम थियो, न त क्नै संस्थागत दायित्व नै। जहाज उड्नु अगाडिको समय सबै आफ्नै भएकोले निकै क्रा गयौ ै। बिस्तारै मैले उहाँको बितेका दिनहरूबारे बुभन खोजें। निसंकोच हाँसेर जवाफ दिन् नै उहाँको एउटा निकै राम्रो बानी थियो र अर्को थियो छोटो समयमै कसैसँग नजिकिन सक्नु। लण्डनको व्यस्त जीवनमा यस्तो प्रकृति दुर्लभ हुन्छ।

"तिमी जन्मेहर्केको ठाऊँ नक्सालमा म सानो हुँदा निकै खेल्न जान्थें! त्यहाँ एकजना रामदाइ भन्नेले निकै मिठो आल् बनाउँथे। हामी सधैं जसो खान जान्थ्यौं। उसले बिहान सवेरै उठेर त्यो आलु बनाउँथ्यो, कसैले नदेखोस भनेर क्या!", चिल्लो अन्हार हुनाले अलि उमेर प्रोकै



भएता पनि हाँस्दा उनको गाला त्यति चाहरिन्नथ्यो।

"ठ्याक्कै त्यही स्वादको आल् मेरी आमाले पनि बनाउन जान्न्हुन्छ। तपाई खान आउन्स् न!", मैले स्वागत गर्दे भनें।

"ए! हो र? लौ त्यसो भए म आउँछु नि त नेपालबाट फर्किएपछि। हन्न?", हर्षित स्वरले उनले भने। उनलाई हाँसेको देखेरै म पनि खुशीले गद्-गद् भएँ।

"अनि सानो छँदा नक्सालको "जय नेपाल" हलमा जानु हुन्नथ्यो त फिल्म हेर्न?", मैले उत्सुकताकासाथ सोधें। "िकन नजान्? जान्थें नि साथीहरूसँग।"

"त्यो हलमा प्रानो एउटा टिकट काट्ने मान्छे थियो नि। निकै बृढो भएसम्म पनि त्यहाँ काम गर्न्भयो। उनको नाम सम्भाना छ तपाईलाई?", मैले जानी-जानी उनको स्मरणशक्तिलाई चुनौति दिएँ। "अँ... मान्छे त सम्भों, नाम चाँहि ...?" उनलाई निकै समस्या परेकोले मैले भनें, "गृहेश्वरी हो क्यारे नाम तर सबैले ग्जेदाइ-ग्जेदाइ भन्थे नि!" "अहो! हो! हो! !" यसरी हाँस्तै हामीले निकै रमाइलो समय बितायौं।

द्वै छोरीहरूसँगको द्ई महिने बिदा मनाउन भनी बिदावारी भई उहाँ नेपाल जान् भयो। यसैबीच ग्थिलाई नेपालमा प्रतिष्ठित शंखधर प्रस्कार प्रदान हुने निर्णय पनि भयो। यता लण्डनमा हामी सबै खुशी थियौं। ११ वर्षपछिको अविरल परिश्रम पछि लण्डनको एउटा संस्था(लाई नेपालदेखि नै सम्मानित गरिन् क्नै सामान्य क्रो थिएन। तर डिसेम्बर १९ का दिन मोहनजी स्वर्गीय हन्भएको खबर आयो। जनवरी २१ को एक सभामा पासा प्च:का संस्थापकद्वय श्री महन्तजी र श्री बालम्क्न्दजीले मोहनजीलाई लण्डनमा नेवार समुदायको एक बलियो आधार-स्तंभको संज्ञा दिन्भयो। अवकाशप्राप्त जीवन बित(ाउन् अघि मोहनजी होटेल व्यवसायमा संलग्न हन्भएको



क्रा पनि मलाई त्यही दिन महन्तजीबाट थाहा हुनआयो। हीथ्रो विमानस्थलबाट मोहनजीको विमान उडुन् अगाडि मेनका दिदीले एउटा टेक्शट म्यासेज पठाउनुभएको थियो-"तपाई हामीलाई छोड्न आउन्भएकोले ब्बा र म द्वै निकै खुशी भयौं। धन्यवाद, भाइ!"

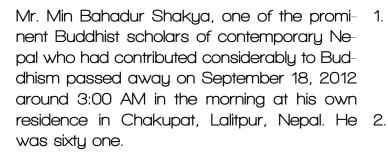
साँच्यै भनौं भने त्यस दिन उनको म्यासेज पढेर मलाई दसवटा शंखधर पुरस्कार एकै पल्ट पाएभौं लागेको थियो। तर सबैलाई त्यित मीठो आल् पकाएर ख्वाउन्हने मो हनजीलाई बाल्यकालदेखि मनपर्ने नक्सालको रामदाइले पकाएभौं मिठो आल्को परिकार ख्वाउन भने पाइएन!



In Memoriam

MinBahadur Shakya

By Dr Dharma Bhakta Shakya



He was the director of Nagarjun Institute of Exact Methods and visiting lecturer in the department of Buddhist studies, Tribhuvan University, Nepal. He was also members of many prestigious Buddhist institutions like Lumbini 4. Development Council and Lumbini University.

As a prominent Buddhist scholar he had participated in many national and international conferences and meetings and had presented papers on Buddhism particularly on Buddhism in Nepal like Lumbini and its environment, Namobuddha, Boudhanath, and Swayambhu Maha Chaitua etc.

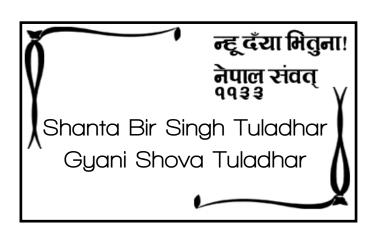
He had authored many books and had also written numerous articles on Buddhism for its propagation. He had also helped and guided several young Buddhist scholars in their research works. In recognition of his substantive contribution to Buddhism he had been awarded with:



- Research Associate Award, Fokuangshan Chinese Buddhist Research Academy, Kaohsiung, Taiwan 1989;
- SAARC Buddhist Fellowship, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Bhutan 1990;
- Dhanavajra Talent Awards, Ministry of Culture, HMG 2001, and
- Dharmabahadur Dhakhwa Award. Patan-2010

In his death Nepal has lost a unique scholar and one of the champions of Buddhism particularly Nepali Buddhism. His absence will be felt considerably in the Buddhist literary world. May he attain Nirvana.













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in Media



पासा पुच: गुठी युकेमा जोशी



लन्डन । पासा पुचः गुठी युकेको छ। गत १४ जुलाईमा लण्डनमा सम्पन्न साधारणसभाले बाल मुकुन्द प्रसाद जोशीको अध्यक्षतामा ९ सदस्यीय नयाँ कार्यसमिति चयन गरेको छ। नवनिर्वाचित समितिको उपाध्यक्षद्वयमा ओजेश सिंह र मनिया हंगोल श्रेष्ठ. महासचिवमा संयुक्त श्रेष्ठ, सहसचिवमा त्रिवेणी गुरुड, कोषाध्यक्षमा मेनका श्रेष्ठ, खेलकुद सचिवमा सुरेश बैद्य, सांस्कृतिक तामाकार चुनिएका छन्। त्यस्तै पासा पुचःका सम्पूर्ण संस्थापक सदस्यहरुका थे हा. बाल गोपाल श्रेष्ठ र हा.

डेभिड एन गेल्नरले सल्लाहकारको भूमिका निर्वाह गर्नेछन्।

साधारणसभामा संस्थापक सदस्य अमृत रत्न स्थापित, अर्जुन प्रधान, शशी मानन्धर, वर्ल्ड नेवा अर्गनाइजेसनका डा. वाल गोपाल श्रेष्ठ, पासा पुचः गुठी साउधइष्ट लण्डनका कुमार श्रेष्ठ लगायत सहभागी थिए।

डा. बालगोपाल श्रेष्ठको संयोजकत्वमा विजय बजाचार्य सम्मिलित निर्वाचन समितिले दशी कार्यसमितिमा छनोट पदाधिकारीहरुको नामावली पढेर सुनाएका थिए। सो अवसरमा डा. श्रेष्ठले नेपाल र बेलायतमा पनि नेवार जातीको पहिचान

गराउनु पर्नेमा जोड दिदै आफ्नो जातीय हितका लागि जनजाती मोर्चामा आवद्ध हुन आग्रह गरे। त्यस्तै नवनिर्वाचित अध्यक्ष बाल मुकुन्द जोशीले नयाँ बनेको टिम सबै पुस्ताको मिश्रित टिम भएको बताए। भविष्यमा संगठनको हितमा काम गर्न सक्ने जुभ्हारु टिम आएकोमा उनले प्रसन्नता व्यक्त गरे ।

कार्यक्रममा निवर्तमान कार्यसमितिका अध्यक्ष सचेतन तुलाधरले सहभागीहरुलाई स्वागत मन्तव्य दिएका थिए। त्यस्तै यसअधिको कार्यसमितिका महासचिव ओजेश सिंहले संस्थाको आर्थिक हिसाव र वार्षिक प्रतिवेदन प्रस्तृत गरे । •

E

लण्डनया नेवाःतय् गुँ भ्वय्

र्ये (नेपाः सः)

नेवाः पासा पुचः गुधिया ग्वसालय् ध्वहे आइतवाः सेप्टेम्बर ९ खुन्ह् अनया नेवाःतय् छग् गुँ भ्वय् जुइत्यंगु दु। स्थानीय गुनर्सवरी पार्कय् जुइत्यंगु उगु गुँ भ्वजय् धुँ कासा व घः कासा म्हितकेगु धाःगु दु ।

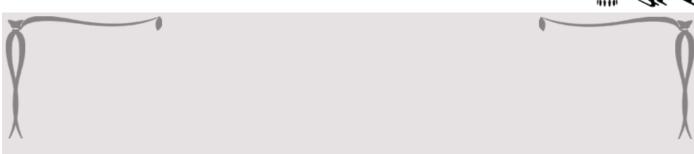
सम्हय् विज व भ्वय् दुध्याइगु ज्याभ्वलय् ख्वा:पाः दयेकेगु भुतिमाली दयेकेगु कासा नं दुथ्याइगु जानकारी गुधिया छुयाञ्जे संयुक्त श्रेष्ठं नेपाः सः वाःपौयात वियादीग् दु ।



व्याप्त्यःया अनाम् ता. बानगोपान क्षेत्र व विजय बच्चाणार्वे दुष्याः यु निर्वाचन पुचनं नवम् नहत्वना वर्षेणा हुत्रः हुनु व्याचना पुचःया







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